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LAST-MINUTE NEWS

\* AMMAN (Petra) — Soviet desire to pursue consultations

### 

- Poreign Minister Eduard She-

Ernment officials, the Foreign

he visit "is an embodiment of

ardnadze will arrive here for

EL AVIV (Rt - Israel has stopped jamming broadcasts of a alestinian radio station it once accused of inciting protests in the Arabs and an Israeli radio monitor said Cuesday. Palestinians said Israel may have stopped the jamming line cause it hoped the broadcasts by a Syrian-based rebel faction of the and elestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) would sow division among e Palestinians of the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip. Radio Al Traineds, run by the Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine-Bernard Command, has condemned the PLO for recognising Israel accused it of defeatist policies.

Shevardnadze visit announced;

talks to focus on peace efforts

and coordination of views on

Moscow's constructive re-

sponsibility towards Middle

East issues and its determina-

tion to exert serious efforts

towards settling the prob-

The King and other senior

lems," the spokesman said.

The visit demonstrates

issues of common interest."

### S. envoy to S. Arabia resigns

IVADH (AP) - The American ambassador to Riyadh, Walter L. 100 TO FEET itler, has sent his resignation to Washington and will leave his post the end of March, well-informed sources said Tuesday. Cutler, 57, rived in August for his second posting in the kingdom, replacing obassador Hume Horan who had been recalled for "consultations."

#### Lebanese stage anti-Hizbollah protest A SHALL SERVE THE

RE, Lebanon (R) - Thousands of Lebanese staged a protest rch Tuesday in the South Lebanese town of Tyre to protest the are of a pro-Iranian group to the area, witnesses said. They said ps, banks, and schools closed as the crowd, estimated at about 000, chanted slogans condemning the return of Hizbollah to the W'S birth al militia-controlled area. Tuesday's march was the first sign that eace pact reached between Hizboliah and its rival Amal militis in mascus last month might be in trouble.

### ush delays MX decision

Sale ISHINGTON (AP) — The White House will not meet a deadline set Congress for deciding whether to continue huilding MX missiles or ich to a smaller, single-warhead missile dubbed the Midgetman, it announced Tuesday. We are reviewing the entire strategie hire of the country and it is logical and necessary that we postpone major decision until the review is complete," said White House S Secretary Marlin Fitzwater. A bill approved last year stipulated \$350 million earmarked for the MX programme could not be \$\t\t\ until the new administration informed Congress of its long-5. The intentions. It set a deadline of Wednesday for the decision.

### nan seeking freedom for Egyptian PoWs

OSIA (Rt — Oman is trying to help free several thousand roll mail stians held in Iran after being captured finds stians held in Iran after being captured fighting for Iraq in the war, an Egyptian diplomat said Tuesday. Yousef Ibn Alawi, zki Day ini minister of state for foreign affairs, flew to Egypt Tuesday a gain yati. Egyptian officials expect him to have some word on the fate And the prisoners. "We do not know exactly how many they are... we are the prisoners of the issue from Iran before but we have not seen the prisoner will be in the prisoner told Post and the prisoner will be in the prisoner told Post and the prisoner will be in the prisoner told Post and the prisoner will be in the prisoner told Post and the prisoner will be in the prisoner told Post and the prisoner will be in the prisoner told Post and the prisoner will be in the prisoner told Post and the prisoner will be in the prisoner will

# leader of Peruvian miners killed

The leader of Peru's powerful miners union was shot to the leader of Peru's powerful miners union was shot to the leader of Peru's powerful miners union was shot to and a senior union official Tuesday accused a right-wing death the first of his murder. The bullet-riddled body of Saul Cantoral, 43, swortly before midnight Monday, according to an union accounts. Cantoral led two crippling national strikes cursion. Owners said one 55-day stoppage cost \$497 million in the control of t



#### Abdul Mequid briefs Saudi leaders

NICOSIA (R) — Egypt's foreign minister briefed Saudi Arabian officials Tuesday about the planned new economic alliance between Jordan, Egypt. North Yemen and Iraq, Arah diplomats in Riyadh said. Diplomats said Esmat Abdul Meguid's talks with Saudi Foreign Minister Prince Saud Al Faisal focused on the new Arab Cooperation Council (ACC) and a joint Arah approach to Middle East peace efforts. "We saw eye to eye on the issues discussed and Saudi-Egyptian fies are very strong," an Egyptian diplomat told Reuters by telephone from Riyadh, Abdul Meguid later flew to Dammam to deliver a message from President Hosni Mabarak to King Fand, Diplomats expect their talks to include the king's efforts to narrow t rift between Egypt and Syria in order to convene an Arab summit.

Volume 14 Number 4012

Iran says Briton gets 'heavy' sentence

NtCOSIA (Rt — Iran said Tuesday that Brilon Roger Cooper, held in Tehran since December 1985, had received a "heavy scotence" after confessing to spying for Britain, Information Minister Monagement Mohammadi Reyshari was quoted by the official IRNA newshapement County and a county the information and a co

saying the judiciary had completed proceedings against Cooper and a court had passed a "beavy" sentence. But he said the judiciary was still

considering a final judgement which it would issue in the future. He did not

elaborate. Reyshari said Cooper had confessed to spying and "nothing could halt this case." He said Cooper had worked in key governmen centres in the ministries of planning and budget, foreign affairs as well as radio and television in Iran since 1958.

AMMAN WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1989, RAJAB 8, 1409

Prime Minister Zaid Rifai on the eve of Tuesday's meeting in Amman

on laying the foundation for the Arab Cooperation Council (photo by

**Khartoum plans fresh** 

KHARTOUM (R) - The the SPLA and other parties to the

The government set no precon-

ditions for a peace conference

and would accept none from the

propose a relief programme. We

need immediate relief because

more people are dying of bunger

than from the actual war," said

implementation of Sbaria laws in

Sudan. This is strongly rejected

as divisive by the SPLA and

Arab and Western diplomats in

Khartoum say Tourabi's NIF also

advocates an all-out offensive

agaiost the SPLA with massive

Arab support to force the rebels

to negotiate peace without pre-

end its state of emergency until

the fighting had stopped and

would not sever cooperation with

other Arab states, but rather

planned to increase general coor-

dination with such neighbours as

Libya, Chad, Egypt and

Ethiopia. It accuses the latter of

On the controversial issue of

Sharia, Tourabi said it should be

a subject for debate in a peace

supporting the rebels.

Tourabi said Sudan would not

Tourabi advocates the strict

"With the ceasefire, we'd also

SPLA, he said.

Tourabi.

leftist parties.

conditions.

bid to end civil war

Sudanese government, under conflict.

nadze on developments in the

Palestine problem, the posi-

tive development in the

Palestinian, Arab and interna-

tional situations and efforts to

convene an international

peace conference to establish

a just and durable peace in the

region. The two sides, the

spokesman said, will also dis-

cuss Jordanian-Soviet rela-

cooperation.

tions and means of bolstering

pressure at home and abroad to

end the civil war in the south, is

planning a new peace initiative.

Foreign Minister Hassan Al

immediate ceasefire to be fol-

lowed by a peace conference with

taken up in the conference and

we have no conditions as to the venue, time or observers."

Tourabi, leader of the militant

National Islamic Front (NIF) par-

ty, told Reuters in an interview.

second largest coalition partner

after Prime Minister Sadeq Al

Mahdi's Umma Party, played a

key role in the rejection last

December of a tentative peace

pact between the rebel Sudan

People's Liberation Army

(SPLA) and the Democratic Un-

ionist Party (DUP) in November.

largest party, quit the govern-ment in protest, allowing NIF to

strengthen its position within

A French-educated former law

lecturer. Tourabi said a national

committee, comprising people

from all political currents, would

be formed to make contacts with

Mahdi's coalition.

The DUP, Sudan's second

Tourabi, whose party is the

He said the plan would urge an

"All issues of substance can be

Tourabi said Tuesday.

an open agenda.

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

### Government leaders of Jordan, Egypt, Iraq and North Yemen finalise framework for alliance

By Salameh B. Ne'matt Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — The prime ministers of Jordan, Egypt, and North Yemen and the first deputy premier of Iraq met here Tuesday to endorse a charter for a new economic group named the Arab Cooperation Council (ACC). The group of four will be formally declared by the heads of state of the four Arab countries at a mini-summit in Baghdad Thursday.

Jordan's Prime Minister Zaid achieve the aspirations of our Rifai opened the meeting with a speech in which be said the establishment of the economic group represented "a strong nucleus and a solid base for cooperation and solidarity among Arab

Rifai said the new economic bloc would serve as "a framework for unity that is capable of expanding and growing to include Arab participation, away from any form of polarisation, so as to achieve cooperation and integra-

The premier said such a move was necessary at a time when the world "is organising itself in economic blocs and establishing networks of inter-regional coopera-

Rifai said joint Arab action and cooperation would cultivate the human and material resources of the Arab World and unite forces to overcome divisions and

He said the ACC was the result of the efforts of His Majesty King Hussein and the leaders of Egypt. Iraq and North Yemen, towards establishing "a monument of Arah cooperation between the

four states. The King Tuesday met with the heads of the delegations attending the meeting. He also hosted a luncheon which was attended by Iragi First Deputy Prime Minister Taha Yassin Ramadan, Iraqi Foreign Minister Tareq Aziz, Egyptian Premier Atef Sedki, North Yemeni Premier Abdul Aziz Abdul Ghani and Foreign Minister Abdul Karim Al Aryani, and Rifai.

The four prime ministers were scheduled to hold their second and final meeting later in the evening to approve the final draft of the economic grouping. Information Minister Hani Khasawneh said after the end of the first

Khasawneh said the four-hour discussions were carried out in a serious and positive atmosphere and that cooperation and full

**ACC** charter formulated understanding prevailed. He said that the elements for the success of the project were available. according to the Jordan News

Agency, Petra.

The agency quoted Khasawneh as saying that this Arab grouping comes as an expression of the conviction of the four states that they come from the same nation. He pointed out that the door was left open for the rest of Arab countries to join.

In an earlier statement, Ramadan said the ACC "is the first serious step on the way to sucgessful joint Arab action which has been suffering from inactivity for the past 30 years,"

Echoing the stand of the three other members of the group. Ramadan said the step was an Arab gathering and not an axis. "It is open for the rest of Arab states if they are ready and if the conditions are right," Ramadan

He pointed out that "we cannot separate between the political and economic dimension of the

(Continued on page 2)

meets U.S.

legislator

TUNIS (Agencies) - Palestine

Liberation Organisation (PLO)

Chairman Yasser Arafat has

met with U.S. Congressman

Wayne Owens for talks on hn-

man rights in the Israeli-occu-

pled West Bank and Gaza

Strip, the Palestinian news

agency WAFA reported

The congressmans

Washington office confirmed

the Monday meeting which

lasted more than four hours.

Arafat and Owens, a Utah

Democrat who is temporary

chairman of the Human Rights

Subcommittee of the Foreign

Affairs Committee in the

House of Representatives, dis-

cussed ongoing efforts at peace, ways of establishing a dialogue

between all parties and human

rights violations in the occu-

Art Kingdom, a spokesman

pied territories.

Tuesday.

**Arafat** 

### Aziz: Iran not yet ready for peace

By Suhair Obeidat Jordan Times Staff Writer

AMMAN - Iraqi Foreign Minister Tareq Aziz said Tuesday Iran's intransigeoce was to blame for the deadlock in the IransIraq peace oegotiations after eight years of war and that Tehran was oot yet ready for peace in the

arrival bere with First Deputy Prime Minister Taha Yassin Ramadan to attend meetings on the Arab Cooperation Council (ACC), Aziz said Iran was only honouring the ceasefire that took effect Aug. 20 under U.N. auspices and not moving towards any substantial issues to find comprehensive peace. "The mysterious part (of the Iranian stand) is

much more than the obvious," aziz said. The foreign minister said Iraq

was ready for immediate release of prisoners of war (PoWs) taken in the eight-yar war provided Iran would reciprocate. "Prisoners should not be used as an element in political negotiations," he said. Aziz, who met with his Iranian

unterpart Ali Akbar Velavat Speaking to reporters upon his at the U.N. in a meeting attended by the U.N. secretary general earlier this week, said Iran and iraq would hold another round talks by end of March or early April. The two sides will discuss suggestions expected to be tabled by U.N. Secretary-General Javier Perez de Cuellar, Aziz said without elaboration.

The ACC, he said, was the result of 10 years of economie and



Tareq Aziz

commercial cooperation and political coordination among Egypt,

Jordan, Iraq and North Yemen - the founder members of the council. "Relations among the four countries have already been founded on solid grounds," he noted, "and that makes our task

## Golan Arabs stage protest

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (Agencies) - Arab residents in the occupied Golan Heights staged a protest strike and stayed home from work Tuesday to mark the seventh anniversary of the Israeli "annexation" of the territory, Israel radio said.

Hundreds of extra policemen and border patrol troops were sent to the Golan Heights as reinforcements Monday to keep the order and prevent an outburst of violence, the radio said. But it added there were no major outbreaks of trouble.

In the occupied Gaza Strip, meanwhile, troops shot and wounded a 14-year-old boy in the head at the Sbati refugee camp, but hospital officials said he was not in serious condition.

The army clamped a curfew on Gaza's Rafah refugee camp following demonstrations Monday oight, an Arab reporter said.

In nearby Khao Yunis, an Israeli labour department office was destroyed Monday night by a blaze apparently started by Palestinians, the reporter said.

In the West Bank town of Betblebem, merchants closed their stores to protest raids by Israeli tax authorities, an Arab reporter said. Tax boycotts have been a regular feature of the anni-Israeli Palestinian up-

Dozens of Bethlehem merchants, as well as physicians who said their offices were rided by tax agents Monday, staged a sit-in protest in the town's International Red Cross building Tuesday. The Red Cross building is one of the few places they are able to stage a protest without being disone protester said: "The

Israelis can tell themselves we are Israelis but they can't stop us from being Syrians in our

"The demonstration is on

tion but of course it is also a protest against occupation," he said. In Majdal Shams, in the

Golan Heights, residents held a march through the town. "Golan is Syrian and Palestine is Arab," the demonstrators shouted. "Syria stands logether with the Palesti-

nians. The mostly Druze villagers protest each Feb. 14 against the extension of Israeli law to the Golan Heights in Decem-

ber 1981. The day of the demonstration recalls Israel's arrest in February 1982 of four local leaders. Their faces masked by scarves, the protesters said this year they were also marching in solidarity with the 14-

month-old Palestinian uprising

in the West Bank and Gaza

in Owens' office, said the conthis day to mark the annexagressman talked to Arafat about the many concerns members of Congress have about the PLO policies and actions. He said Ownes sought to make

> relations between the U.S. and the PLO depend on how the concerns are addressed. Owens plans to make another trip to Tunisia in March and may meet with

Arafat understand that the

quality, duration and extent of

Arafat again. in its annual report on human rights practices around

the world issued last week, the U.S. State Department said Israet's response to the Palestinian uprising "led to a substantial increase in human rights violations," in the occupied territories last year. Arafat flew into Dakar Tues-

day on a two-day working visit to Senegal, a close ally of the Arahs in sub-Saharan Africa.

#### Rebels close in on Soviets meet deadline Kabul as

MOSCOW (Agencies) - The Soviet Union said Tuesday that about 30,000 rebels were massed around Kabul, amid reports that some Afghan army units were deserting positions handed over to them by the withdrawing Soviet army.

"There are around 15,000 rebels around (the eastern city of) Jalalabad and double that around Kabul," Foreign Ministry spokesman Vadim Perfilyev told a news conterence, without giving further details.

However, Perfilyev said the situation within Kabul was calm and stressed that the last Soviet troops would leave the country on schedule Wednesday.

"From Feb. 15 there will not be any longer a single Soviet soldier in Afghanistan," Perfilyev said. The Soviet trade union news-

that Afghan army units were fleeing in the face of threats from the rebels, leaving outposts and fortified positions.

Long queues for bread and petrol persisted in Kabul and United Nations aid workers in the city distributed food to 400 poor families. The same number of families received U.N. packages of rations Monday.

Afghan government troops stationed on the Salang Highway, the vital artery linking Kabul to the southern Soviet border, said a big supply convoy had reached the capital Monday and aoother was expected Tuesday.

Rocket attack

Rebels fired two rockets at Kabul airport Tuesday.

paper Trud earlier quoted soldiers returning home as saying diers waited eagerly at Kabul airport for the order to board planes home before Wednesday's deadline for the final pullout, more than nine years after Moscow sent in its forces in December 1979.

> Several residents of Kabul said letters purporting to come from rebel commanders had been delivered secretly to people's houses, warning them to close their sbops, stay iodoors or leave homes close to the airport Wednesday.

Afghan soldiers guarding Kabul airport said two rockets had landed near the runway without causing harm. Some outgoing artillery fire was also heard but a Reuter reporter in Kabul said the capital was generally quiet.

No Shura progress

Rival Afghan guerrilla factions in Pakistan made little progress on forming an interim non-communist government in their homeland, and a leading moderate party said it would boycott the talks until a row with fundamentalists was resolved.

Delegates to the council, or Shura, aimed at approving an interim government for Afghanistan following the departure of Soviet forces, met Tuesday morning without the Afghan National Liberation Front (ANLF).

"We -will boycott the Shura until our Afghan brothers in Iran are invited," an ANLF spokesman told Reuters.

There was no immediate support from two other moderate rebel Mujahedeen groups based

in Pakistan for the walk-out by ANLF leader Sibghatullah Mo-

Their officials had said earlier ANLF walked out over a row on

how many Shura seats should be given to eight Mujahedeen groups based in Tehran. Whether we join the boycott will depend on the proceediogs and what kind of decisions are

taken," said a spokesman for one of the other moderate groups. He said the Tuesday morning Shura session discussed only the ANLF boycott and what to do about it. No decisions were

taken, the spokesman added. "But, obviously, without the ANLF and the Tehran-based groups, the validity (of the Shura)

is totally gooe," he said. The Kabul government said

meanwhile that it was holding peace talks with some rebel Muiahedeen commanders.

The official Bakhtar news they would back a boycott if the agency, quoting a government statement, said the talks had started in the past few days but did not identify any of the commanders.

> Most of the major guerrilla leaders are in Pakistan.

> "In the past several days a number of commanders of armed opposition groups started talks with representatives of the authorities," Bakhtar said in a despatch received in Islamabad.

They said the absence of Soviet troops in Afghanistan made it possible for them to take part in the process of a peaceful settlement and the termination of fratricide as soon as possible," it quoted the statement as saying.

## EC to try to persuade U.S. to back peace conference on Mideast

The latest EC efforts in the

Middle East followed the deci-

sion by the Palestine Liberation

Organisation (PLO) in Novem-

ber to renounce terrorism and

recognise Israel's right to exist.

That also persuaded the United

States to resume high-level con-

originally been billed as a major

EC initiative was now being de-

scribed as a fact-finding visit that

had been welcomed by all parties.

"They have been trying very hard to lower expectations," said

Tuesday's discussion was compa-

ratively brief and yielded no plans

for fresh contacts in the region

following the "troika" talks with

PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat in

Madrid last month and with the

leaders of Jordan, Egypt and

Fernandez Ordonez and

Dumas also bave paid separate

visits to Israel in recent weeks

and Shamir is expected to visit

Madrid on his way hack from

U.S. contacts with the PLO.

Arens in London

Israeli Foreign Minister Moshe

Arens arrived in London Tuesday

for talks with British leaders who

he said could play an important role in the Middle East peace

Arens will discuss the current

situation in the occupied territor-

ies, hattered by the 14-month

Palesunian revolt, and current

peace moves with Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher and Foreign

The council would also estab-

Petra said the council would

lish a central importation com-

mittee with the aim of getting

work towards strengthening eco-

nomic ties between the four,

boost trade and tourism, promote

freer movement of goods and

labour, set up joint ventures and

council intends to gradually lower

customs and tariff walls and re-

duce hureaucratic procedures.

They would also gradually im-

pose customs fees on imported

goods from outside the council.

plans to develop transport coop-

eration to facilitate trade ex-

change. The council plans to

establish a marinme line linking

the Red Sea with the Mediterra-

nean from the Alexandria port in

Egypt to North Yemen, passing

through the port of Aqaba in the

Red Sea. They will also merge

the four national airlines, accord-

ing to the sources, which re-

They said there was a plan to

set up a regional fund, similar to

the European Fund for Regional

Development, with the purpose

of balancing the distribution of

money from rich areas to poor

draw up strategies for dealing

with other regional and interna-

rional economic groups, particu-

larly the European Community.

had already suggested a project

for the electrification of its rural

areas, to he carried out with

Jordanian, Egyptian and Iraqi

Officials said North Yemen

The council also intends to

areas in member states.

quested anonymity.

The officials said the ACC

The Jordanian officials said the

Alliance framework formulated

inter-state competition.

lower prices for imports.

But Israel has criticised EC and

Washington next month.

But diplomats said what had

tacts with the PLO.

a non-EC diplomat.

Svria this month.

MADRID (Agencies) — European Community (EC) foreign ministers agreed Tuesday to press the new U.S. administration to back an international peace conference on the Middle East, diplomats said.

"The United States holds the key. The United States is still formulating its policy. The community must try to influence that policy," one diplomat said, summing up the ministers' discussion. Spain's Francisco Fernandez

Ordonez urged caution in the early days of the Bush administration in a report on his visits last weekend to Jordan, Egypt and Syria. He was accompanied by Roland Dumas of France and Karolos Papoulias of Greece.

Diplomats said a major preoccupation was that the community should put its views forcefully to the Bush administration before Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir travels to Washington next month.

President George Bush has yet to nominate someone for the top State Department post on the Middle East or lay down a clear policy. Until now, Washington has not hacked a U.N.-sponsored peace cooference because Israel has refused to accept it.

Fernandez Ordonez, the current president of the EC Council of Ministers, is due to see U.S. Secretary of State James Baker in Madrid Wednesday.

Diplomats said he would stress the importance the 12 EC governments attach to an international peace conference and Washington's crucial role in convincing Israel — which depends on U.S. aid - tbat it was the only way

They said Fernandez Ordonez would also propose a meeting between Baker and the Spanish-French-Greek troika spearheading community efforts, perhaps at the opening of East-West arms taiks in Vienna next montb.

Cootinued from page 1

"This is the first time we focus

on the economic aspect as a

broad basis for unity. This will

also reflect the political side, not-

ing the level of political coordina-

tion and consultation among the

four states over the past ten years

In another arrival statement.

Sedki said the aim of the group-

ing was the establishment of a

united Arab market following

He said that any Arab grouping

was bound to contain a strength

for the Arab position and a move-

ment towards a historic unity of

the Arah people. He added that

an economic unity will inevit-

The Egyptian premier said the

ACC would establish an execu-

tive council to be headed by the

four prime ministers and it would

meet every six months. The four

heads of state would meet once a

year, Sedki said, adding that

Egypt suggested that the council's

permanent secretariat would be

Jordanian officials said the aim

of the council was to establish

economic unity between its mem-

bers as an important preparatory

step towards an eventual political

Officials quoted in the local

press said Monday the ACC's

draft charter stipulated that the

four countries would strive to

They said that priority in trade

exchange would be given to the

products of member states and

that each country would minimise

achieve economic integration.

based in Amman.

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ably have an impact on politics."

the example of the European

has been exemplary.

Community."

He will also meet opposition Labour Party leader Neil Kinnock during his three-day visit. Arens said before leaving Israel that he bad no plans to present a promised Israeli peace initiative in Britain.

Minister Sir Geoffrey Howe.

Shamir has spent the last two months working on new interim proposals based on Israel's 1978 Camp David accord with Egypt. Arens said these would be discussed in Washington.

The proposals provide for elections for Palestinians in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip and peace talks under superpower auspices. Israel says it will withdraw troops from populated areas of the West Bank and Gaza Strip once Palestinian "auton-

omy" is established. The U.S.-educated hardliner said Thatcher was a "national hero in Israel" and a long-standing friend who could help advance the Arab-Israeli peace pro-

"It depends what role Britain wants to play," be told the Times newspaper in an interview. Perhaps Britain can put forward ideas acceptable to all sides."

Arens' trip comes at a delicate time in Anglo-Israeli relations. Britain has upgraded contacts with the PLO and Israeli leaders have hristled at British condemnation of their bandling of the Palestinian uprising.

They were angered by remarks by Junior Foreign Office Minister William Waldegrave during talks

with Arafat last month in Tunis. Waldegrave urged Israel to recall the terrorist past of some of its leaders - including Shamir under the British mandate and accept that Palestinians could also abandon violence for peace-

Howe last week urged Israel to start "facing the facts" and meet

expertise and technical assist-

ministers Tuesday was attended by high-level officials from the

four countries including on the

Jordanian side Deputy Prime Minister and Education Minister

Thougan Hindawi, Deputy Prime

Minister and Foreign Minister

Marwan Qasem, Transport and

Communication Minister Khaled

Hanna Odeh, Information Minis-

ter Hani Khasawneh and Supply

Transport and Communications

Minister Suleiman Mutwalli.

Minister Safwat Al Sbarif. Indus-

try Minister Mohammad Abdul

Wahab, Economy and Foreign Trade Mioister Yusri Mustafa.

International Cooperation Minis-

ter Maurice Makramallah, First

Under-Secretary of the Foreign

Ministry and director of the presi-

dent's office for political affairs

Osama Al Baz and Secretary

General of the Presidency of the

Council of Ministers Ahmad

On the Iraqi side, the meeting

was attended by Deputy Prime Minister and Foreign Minister

Aziz, Minister of State for Fore-

ign Affairs Sa'doun Hamadi,

Fransport and Communications

Minister Mohammad Zubaidi,

Trade Mioister Mohammad

Mahdi Saleh, and other officials.

sented by Deputy Prime Minister

and Foreign Minister Aryani and

other Foreign Ministry officials,

will be northerly moderate and seas

Min./max, temp.

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The Yemeni side was repre-

Minister Favez Tarawneh.

The meeting of the four prime

### Sudan rebels besiege town

KHARTOUM (R) - Some 150,000 hungry people are isolated in a town last supplied with food one year ago by barge convoy and now cut off by Sudanese rebels from an emergency airlift, relief

officials said Tuesday. The officials accused the rebels of breaking a commitment to allow emergency flights to Malakal, one of several southern towns included in an accord reached with rebels and the government by the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC).

"The situation there must be extremely bad... how many are dying is difficult to say," said one relief official, who declined to be identified. The airlift there was to begin Jan. 6, the officials

Malakal, located on the White Nile. is also a strategic government garrison about 200 kilometres from Nasir, a town that fell to the rebels

According to the ICRC agreement negotiated over 10 months last year, relief supplies were to be allowed safe passage to three government-held towns and three held by the rebel Sudan People's Liberation Army (SPLA).

The relief operation got underway in December. But when the time came to fly food to Malakal, the SPLA refused security clearance to the ICRC.

A government barge convoy left two weeks ago for Malakal but stopped about 50 kilometres short

of the town, relief officials said. Rebels have attacked relief barges to towns in the past and after the fall of Nasir there was speculation the guerrillas might be in a position to

hit the convoy. United Nations and some government organisations do not want to make official contact with the SPLA and go to the south at their own risk. But independent organisations have taked to both

The ICRC is running one flight a day to Wau, a town where many starved last year, and plans to start two daily flights this week.

The organisation is distributing to about 20,000 displaced people there a monthly ration of 12 kilogrammes of cereal, 21/2 kilogrammes of beans and two litres of edible oil.

At Aweil, where people also starved last year, the ICRC has registered the 5,000 most needy and is still counting. About 500 malnourished children are being cared for in a feeding centre there, a Khartoum-based relief official said.

A UNICEF official said that two weeks ago in the refugee site of Abyei to the north, 100 people were arriving from the countryside daily in hopes of finding food and security.

to bold a referendum as long as

Moroccan soldiers and nationals

inside Western Sahara outnum-

ber the indigenous people. Sayed said the postponement

would also have a negative effect

on the three-day Maghreb sum-

mit, where Algeria, Morocco,

Tunisia, Mauritania and Libya

were due to debate the formation

alliance have in the past been

thwarted by differences between

Morocco and Algeria, which sup-

ported the Polisario Front against

the Moroccan army.

were restored last May.

Attempts to set up a Maghreb

of a North African alliance.

### to Maghreb summit RABAT (R) - Libyan leader senior ministers before lbn Ab

Mysterious prelude

Muammar Qadhafi was escorted across North Africa Tuesday by Algerian President Chadli Benjedid in a mysterious prelude to a port. five-state summit on Maghreb

The official Algerian APS news agency reported that both men left Tunis, where they arrived unexpectedly Monday evening. on their way to Bousfer near the west Algerian town of Oran after talks with Tunisian President Zine Al Abidine Ibn Ali.

All three were due to join leaders of Morocco and Mauritania at a Maghreh summit in the Moroccan city of Marrakesh Wednesday to discuss a union along the lines of the European Community.

Benjedid flew unexpectedly to Libya Monday morning and then hrought Qadhafi with him to Tunis, apparently so the Tunisian president could help him sort a last-minute hitch to the summit.

The three men consulted into the early bours of Tuesday, but no details of the talks emerged. The Algerian news agency said Israeli prime min talks were widened to include co in July 1986.

and his top aides bade a temporary farewell to Benjedid, and Qadhafi at Tunis's Carthage air

Official sources bave not ex plained the pre-summit coming and goings, which have given rise to speculation that the Libyar leader might be reluctant to go to

Morocco. The summit is due to examine draft treaty uniting Libya, Tuni sia, Algeria, Morocco and Mauri tania in an Arab Maghreb union Qadhafi last week suggester Mali, Niger, Chad and Sudar should also join.

Mystery deepened with Qadha-fi's and Benjedid's unexplained stopover in the tiny town of Bous fer near the Moroccan border,

Ibn Ali had said he would arrive in Marrakesh Tuesday afternooo. Benjedid and Qadhaf were expected to arrive together.

Qadhafi's relations with sum mit host King Hassan bave been uneasy since the Moroecar monarch met Shimon Peres, ther Israeli prime minister, in Moroc

### Iran executes 70 drug smugglers in one day

smuggiers, including three women, were hanged in Tehran stranded in the terminal. and 25 other Iranian cities Tuesday, the largest number of traffickers executed in a single day after a short time, instead of amid a ferocious anti-narcotics crackdown.

However, relations between Morocco and Algeria have im-The 67 men were hanged in proved and diplomatic relations public at dawn in a blinding snowstorm. The women were executed inside Iranian prisons, the official Islamic Republic News Agency reported.

Seven of the men were banged in Tehran's Shusha and Korasan squares at dawn in what was intended to he a public spectacle to underline the government's determination to eliminate drug smuggling and abuse, which offi-

come a major problem. But few people turned out to witness the executions because of the snowstorm that had played bavoc with communications in

cials have acknowledged has be-

It paralysed traffic as snow plows cleared the main avenues after more than three inches (7.5 centimetres) of snow fell during

All flights from Tehran's cial media has reported.

TEHRAN (AP) - Seventy drug Mehrabad Airport were cancelled and bundreds of people were

The men's bodies were cut down from the makeshift galkiws being left hanging for a day as has been the case with earlier exten-

Nearly 200 men and women. identified by the official media as convicted drug smugglers, have been executed since early Fifty-six were executed in one

day Jan. 16, a few days before new law mandating the death penalty for possession of even small amounts of narcotics came An anti-parcotics task force

made up of Revolutionary Guards and the Revolutionary Committees, or Komitehs, who have largely taken over law enforcement, bave rounded up more than 2,000 people in recent

Scores of heavily armed smugglers have been killed in fierce gun battles with security forces in the eastern provinces bordering Afghanistan and Pakistan, the main smuggling routes, the offi-

#### Morocco-Polisario talks postponed Polisario has in the past refused

PARIS (R) - Morocco has inde- co. As a sign of goodwill ahead of Front guerrillas fighting for an for the whole of February. independent Western Sahara, a Both sides showed signs Polisario spokesman has said.

Baha Sayed said Monday the meeting had been scheduled for Marrakesh this week. It would have been the second direct contact between the two sides in 13 vears of conflict.

Sayed, the Polisario's representative in France, said the postponement had dashed the front's Geoeral Javier Perez de Cuellar's at the Maghreb summit starting in to the conflict,

Marrakesh Wednesday. The Polisario Front beld un- that direct contacts between the precedented talks with King Has- two sides would help lift obstacles san in January, marking a break-through in relations with Moroc-said.

eve of Valentine's Day, showing the Lebanese can still call each

other darling after 13 years of

owner of a chocolate store in west

"It's a day of love for every-

one. I wish it were an official

holiday so that everybody would

For some, commercial con-

"We are doing more business

than in the Christmas season,"

cerns outweighed romance.

celebrate it."

"This is an occasion that does

Lebanese," said Aida Kronfol, shirts decorated with hearts.

finitely postponed a meeting be- the planned second meeting, the tween King Hassan and Polisario front announced a military truce. Both sides showed signs of compromise last year when they

accepted in principle a United Nations proposal for a referendum on the future of the terri-Sayed said Morocco's decision undermined bopes raised by the

first meeting in January and would complicate U.N. Secretary hopes of gaining observer status efforts to find a peaceful solution "(Perez de Cuellar) was hoping

Valentine's Day, including cards,

popular in Lebanon despite the

Message of love touches even Lebanese BETRUT (R) — Tinsel hearts gift shop near the American Uni-decorated Beirut Streets on the versity of Beirut (AUB) in the tion Tuesday night.

Magazines, and newspapers western sector of the divided city. were packed with suggestions for gifts for loved ones, while radios His store, busy with shoppers, offered a variety of gifts for and television stations advertised

heart-shaped halloons, toy animfor Tuesday night. not distinguish between the als with warm messages and night Many Lehanese Christians and Muslims, who separately cele-Maalouf said his customers brate 13 religious holidays each mainly well-to-do Beirutis and year, said they were united in students, were eothusiastic about marking the day of love which the celebration, a Western tradihrightens their war-blighted lives. tion which has grew increasingly

This occasion hrings a twinge of joy to us. Real happiness was Restaurants and night clubs offering candle-lit St. Valentine's lost to the war. We are trying to offering candle-lit St. Valentine's revive it hy celebrating occasions Day dinners and shows were fully like this; said Toufic, owner of a said Walid Maalouf, who owns a booked days before the celebra- clothes shop in west Beirut.

especially romantic programmes

## Majority of Americans favour U.S.-PLO dialogue

Haj Hassan, Finance Minister WASHINGTON (USIA) -Three nationwide opinion polls taken in January indicate that a On the Egyptian side, the majority of the American peomeeting was attended by Plan-ning Minister Kamal Janzouri. ple favours the U.S. dialogue with the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) but widely disbelieve the PLO has abandoned terrorism. Military Production Minister Jamal Al Sayyed, Information

The three surveys were the Jan. 4-12 Medla General-Associated Press poll, the Jan. 9-10 Time-Yankelovich poli and the Jan. 12-15 CBS-New York Times poli.

Time-Yankelovich found a 70-16 per cent majority of the American public favoured the "U.S. decision to talk with the PLO...about issues affecting Israel and the Palestinians. CBS-New York Times found a 64-23 per cent majority favoured the "meetings" and the Media General-Associated Press poll reported 67 per cent of respondents approved of the United States "holding talks" with the PLO.

The CBS-NYT data shows further that U.S. contact with the PLO is favoured by a majority in every population group. Most supportive were college graduates, adults 18-29 years old and westerners - 75 per cent to 20 per cent. The groups with the smallest supportive majorities were gradeschool educated, adults 65 and older and southerners - 55 per cent to 25 per cent.

The Media General-AP poli showed much the same: while 67 per cent overall approved of U.S.-PLO talks, that number swelled to 79 per cent of college-educated respondents. And, going a step farther, the AP poll found that six in ten of the most educated group, those who had done postgraduate study, said Israel should allow the creation of a Palestinian state on land it occupies in exchange for recognition from the PLO.

However, PLO leader Yasser Arafat's statement renouncing terrorism, which fulfilled U.S. conditions for the start of the dialogue, has not altered the aegative image of the PLO held by most Americans, according to the finding from the Time Yankelovich poll, which showed a 61-16 per cent major-

ity still views the PLO as a "terrorist organisation" similar to the results obtained in a comparable survey a year ago. Moreover, a 70-11 per cent majority believes Arafat "is someone who cannot be trusted." The Media General-AP survey showed just six per cent of those questioned said they believed the PLO's recent renunciation of terrorism, and 74 per cent said they thought the group only made that claim

for political gain. The January polls reinforce findings before the U.S.-PLO talks began that the public is pessimistic about the chances of reaching an Israeli-Palestinian accord during the next four

A mid-November Harris poll had asked respondents about the likelihood of certain events and agreements taking place "during George Busb's term in office." Asked whether "Israel and the Arabs" would reach an accord on the Palestinian issue during this period, 58 per cent said it was "unlikely" pared to 30 per cent wbo

thought it "likely." "By way of

AQABA: Princess Haya Hospital .... (03)314111

MARKET PRICES

210 / 160

250 / 200

230 / 180

250 / 200

160 / 170

400 / 300

300 / 250 220 / 160

320 / 260 800 / 700

150 / 100 400 / 300 240 / 180

contrast, the optimism expressed about most of the other possible occurrences on Harris list was considerably higher. Pessimism about an early Israeli-Palestinian accord stems

largely from the beliefs, shown by the latest polls to be widespread, tbat: - both sides are not vet

willing to compromise sufficiently and - the PLO is not yet a

trustwortby negotiating partner. According to the CBS poll,

the American public sees both the PLO and Israel as currently unwilling to make "real concessions" for the sake of peace: 56 per cent view the PLO as intransigent; almost as many (52 per cent) view Israel as intran-

The Time poll showed that a 78-11 per cent majority believe peace in the Middle East is "not possible" without "discussions between Israel and the PLO." This accords with findings from previous polls that found most Americans view the PLO as an important actor in the Middle East peace process and favour "talks" with the PLO, presumably as a way to moderate its policies and move it toward negotiations. Resolving the Palestinian

issue is viewed as a long-term - but not urgent - attention. A Roper poll in late Septem presented respondents with list of "problems facing the nation today" and asked ho much effort the for crument should give to each. "major effort" by the govern ment "to belp negotiate a peac settlement between Israel and all the Arab nations" was favoured by 27 per cent (46 per cent said "some effort" and it per cent said "rio particular effort now"): This was the smallest percentage favouring "major effort" for any of the 19 domestic and foreign policy

issues on Roper's list. Two other recent polls show similar low priority status whether the question refers to conflict between Israel and its "Arab neighbours" (presumably including the Palestinians or between Israel and "Arab nations."

20:35 ..... Tripoli, Damascus (PK 21:05 .... Frankfurt, Damascus (LF

Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flight

DEPARTURES

(Terminai (1)

#### JORDAN TELEVISION Tel: 773111-19

PROGRAMME ONE ..... Programme review Children's programmes Programme on plants
Out of World ...... News summary in Arabic Ca|ro News Message 18:15 19:00 19:30 Programme review...... News in Arabic ...... Programme review Wresting ... Varieties programs

..... News summary in Arabic Programme (contd.) PROGRAMME TWO Champs Elysces ..... Aujourd' hui en Jardonie News in Hebrew News in Arabic .... Don'i waii up ..... Panorana . News in English **PRAYER TIMES** 

Fajr (Sunrise) Duha

#### 17:25 ...... Maghreb CHURCHES Assemblies of God Church, Tel.

St. Joseph Church Tel. 624590. Church of the Annunciation Tel. 637440. De la Salle Church Tel. 661757 Terrasanta Church Tel: 622366

Church of the Appropriation Tel. Angilean Church Tel. 625383, Tel. 628543. 623541. Armenian Cathotic Church Tel. Armentan Orthodox Church Tel. 775261.

St. Ephraim Church Tel. 771751. Amman International Church Tel. 685326. Evangelical Lutheran Church Tel: 811295. Rainbow Congregation Tel. 822605. The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints Tel. 815817, 821264

### WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of

expected and clouds appear in diffe-rent altitudes. Winds will be light westerly to moderate. In Aqaba, winds

## DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

Amman ...... 1 / 12 Aqaba ...... 7 / 18 Aqaba ...... 7 / t8
Descris ..... 0 / 14 Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 9, Aqaba 16, Humidity readings: Amman 52 per cent, Aqaba 35 per USEFUL TELEPHONE

NUMBERS **NIGHT DUTY** AMMAN: Dr. Wael Khartabil 770505

Dr. Mahmoud Jabr ...

Firas pharmacy ....

Nairoukh pharmacy

Dr. Mohammad Al Zu'bi ..... (--)

Al Sharaa' pharmacy ...... (985238)

### **EMERGENCIES**

Civil Desfence Department... Civil Desence Immediate 630341 Rescue — 630341 Crvil Defence Emergency — 199 Rescue Police — 192, 621111, 637777 Fire Brigade 62209093 Blood Bank 775121 Highway Police 656390/91 ..... 656000 / 685111

Public Security Department Hotel Complaints ..... Price Complaints .... Water and Sewerage 897467 Amman Municipality 787111 Telephone Information Overseas Calls ... Central Amman Telephone 62310J Repairs

Abdali Telephone Repairs ...

### Electric Power

## HOSPITALS

AMMAN: Hussein Medical Centre ..... 813813/32 Khalidi Maternity, J. Amn ... 64281/6 Akileh Maternity, J. Amn ... 64241/2 Jabal Amman Maternity ...... 642362 University Hospital Al-Mussher Hospital .... The Islamic, Abdali ..... Al-Ahli, Abdali ..... Ittalian, Al-Muhajrees . AJ-Bashir, J. Ashratieh ..... 775111/26 Amal Hospital ...... 674155 ZARQA: Zarqa Govt. Hospital ..... (09)983323 Zarqa National Hospital ... (09)99107t Iba Sina Hospital ...... (09)986732

IRBID:

# 

667227/9 Grapcfruit ..... 664164/6 Lemon ..... i) ...... 650 / 550 mouti) ...... 430 / 360 602240/50 Orange (local) Onion (dry). Pepper (hot) .... Pepper (sweet) ... Potato ..... Princess Basins Hospital Greek Catholic Hospital
Jbn Al Nafees Hospital....

#### FOR THE TRAVELLER **QUEE ALIA**

INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information department at the Oueen Alia International Airport Tel. (08153200-5. where it should always be verified.

#### ARRIVALS Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights

(Terminal 1) 99:10 . 09:30 . Dubai, Abu Dhabi (RI)
Dhahran, Kuwaii (RI) Los Angeles, Chicago, Vienna

#### Riyadh (RJ) Paris (RJ) New York, Vienna (RJ) .... London, Geneva (RJ) . Brussels, Frankfurt (RJ) ...... Madrid, Rome (RJ) ...... Belgrade, Bucharest (RJ) 18.30

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09:35	Dana'a, Bana'a	Cairo	MS
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12:15	Sana'a.	leddah	ίΙΥ
12:15	Ва	pehdad	λίΑ
13:45	k	uwait	LN

10:20 13:15 13:30 15:00 16:49 17:35



Aqaba (Ri Belgrade, Bucharest (Bi Amsterdam, New York (Ri Riyadh (Ri Tunis, Casablanca (Ri 11:30 Geneva Lendon (F 12:00 19:15 20:20 20:30 Other Flights (Termina) Cairo, London

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EBRUARY IS

sources have k te pre-summi s s. which have be ation that the label which he deluctant nmit is due to ever the uniting Library and Morocco and in Arab Maghres last week the ger. Chad and its loo join. lso join. y deepened with

Benjedid's me in the tiny towns the Moroccan n Marrakesh k . Benjedid and ( ected to armen fix relations of . King Hassania since the il met Shimon fo rime minister e dy 1985. O drug

nundreds of pag in the temma men's bodies se im the makeship short time, uc. it hanging forage d by the official ed drug singele executed sine

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favour "talk" t presumably at rate its policies and pegolishing solving the Pr is viewed as I k :55. requiring CE a not urgent - \$ per poll is best nted respondent u roda, and s effort # ieni should gur or effort bitt · to help negotical ment beween the Arab me ared by a percent wid was die

cent said 800 1 now ! The lest percentage by jor effort for periodic and los on Roper is her the quest ab neighbour including the Pa relieved Israel &

PARTURES yal Jordanian rminal (1) سطت[

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Hude National News





### Landmark in Arab history

PRIME Minister Zaid Rifai Tuesday receives Iraqi First Deputy Prime Minister Taha Yassin Ramadan (above left), Egyptian Prime Minister Atef Sidki (above right) and North Yemeni Prime Minister Abdul Aziz Abdul Ghani (right) in Amman. The three prime ministers arrived in Jordan to lay the foundation of the Arab Cooperation Council which will join the four countries into a sub-regional economic alliance (Petra photos)

### Committee seeks to boost role of private sector to stimulate exports The committee bas called on

· AMMAN (Petra) - A committee set up to activate the role of the private sector in stimulating viv were claus, national exports concuded a . O. a len day, series of meetings in Amman Tuesday by recommending the (a) possesso creation of a national data hank me unit of name - to be linked to international data banks, to acquire essential inanti-nursone g formation for promnting national export operations.

Committee Chairman Mohamilles of keer mad Asfour said that the commitrigely taken to tee urged the concerned authorities to set up a national corpora-This. 1.440 page: tion to guarantee and encourage exports and to encourage banks to provide financing for exporters and to facilitate transport ser-

The committee also called on notan and lear the government to provide partial exemptions from duty and other taxes for export operations to boost exports, according to Asfour, who is also president of

the Federation of Jordanian the government to offer tax in-Chambers of Commerce. The committee encouraged the centives to producers, merchants, transporters and others involved government to promote the role in the export operations, and to

remove obstacles that impede

production and export operations

which require introducing facili-

ties in storage and sbipment op-erations and launching an in-

formation campaign to highlight national products in foreign mar-

The committee comprises rep-

resentatives of the Ministries of

Industry and Trade and Planning as well as the Central Bank of

Jordan and the Amman Chamber

Workshop on

combatting

dehydration

AMMAN (J.T.) — A three-day

workshop on the role of com-

munications in enhancing and

prinmoting Oral Rehydration Therapy (ORJ) to combat di-

arrheal dehydration was con-

cluded Tuesday at the United

Nations Children's Fund (UN-

ICEF) regional office bere. Tak-

ing part in the meetings were

communication and programme

nfficers from 15 offices in the

Middle East and North Africa

(MENA) Region.
Figuring high in the discussions
were national and regional ex-

Council of Arab Health Minis-

ters, during their meetings in Amman last April, to cut the

infant mortality rate by 1990 to at

least balf of wbat it was in 1980.

of maps

opens at

diarrheal

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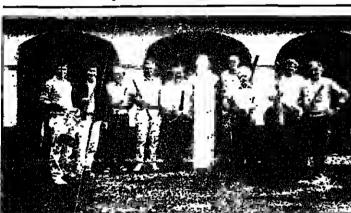
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periences.

of chambers of commerce and industry at local, regional and international fairs, and to take part in seminars and conferences, Asfour said. The committee also urged the

private sector to conduct surveys and collect information on national products to enhance the export process, Asfour added.

According to Asfour the committee called on concerned authorities to stimulate agricultural exports by reducing transport tariffs, provide technical information that assist food processing industries, reduce production cost, train teaching personnel in grading and packaging crops and introduce standard specifications for containers used for packing vegetables and fruit.



### **Consortium Classicum in Amman**

AMMAN (J.T.) - The National Music Conservatory/Noor Al Hussein Foundation in cooperation with the Geothe Institute in Amman will present "Consortium Classicum" in a concert featuring works by Haydn, Weber, Hummel and Mozart on Saturday Feb. 18, 1989. The concert to be held at the Royal Cultural Ceotre will be under the patronage of Her Majesty Queen

### **WHAT'S GOING ON**

The following listings are compiled from monthly bulletins and the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed time and place with the concerned institutions.

### EXHIBITIONS

- An art exhibition by Paul and Emanuel Guiragoussian at Abdul Hamid Shoman Foundation.
- ☆ An exhibition of lithographies by Freoch artist Jean-Paul Chambas at the French Cultural Centre.
- ☆ The Arab Contemporary Artists exhibition at Al Wasiti
- An exhibition of drawings and watercolours of German Romanticism at Mu'ta University.
- \* An exhibition entitled "Town Squares of Europe" at the Royal Cultural Centre.
- An art exhibition entitled "Warm Colours io the Jordanian Environment" by students from the University of Jordan, at the Yarmouk University.
- An exhibition of models of the Jordanian plastic art, in which 22 Jordanian artists are participating, at the Spanish Cultural Centre - 5:00 p.m.
- \* An exhibition entitled "The Tuebingen Atlas of the Middle East" at the Department of Geography, the University of Jordan — 12:00 noon.

A Belgian film entitled "Benvenuta" which is shown as part of the European Film Week at the Royal Cultural Centre - 8:00

### LECTURE

☆ A lecture by the renowned Lebanese artist Paul Guiragoussian entitled "40 Years of Experience in Art" at Abdul Hamid Shoman Cultural Centre, Shmeisani — 6:00 p.m.

### BAZAAR

☆ A charity bazzar which includes dresses, flower-arrangements, ceramics and other handicrafts hy students at the Princess Basma Community Centre, Mafraq.

#### **NATIONAL NEWS IN BRIEF**

ROYAL DECREE: A Royal Decree has been issued, endorsing the amendment to the National Medical Institutions, whereby the board of directors bave been dissolved and replaced by a board of trustees beaded by the prime minister Zaid Rifai, (Petra)

ART EXHIBITION: Her Royal Highness Princess Basma Tuesday inaugurated a plastic art exhibition, held at the Spanish Cultural Centre. The 2-week exhibition includes 38 plates and 30 artistic works for 24 plastic artists, depicting the various aspects of social life

TAFILEH GOVERNOR WARNS CITIZENS; Tafileh Governor Aref Irsheid Tuesday called on citizens living near the streams and valleys in the southern and eastern parts of Tafileh to keep their distance from such place and called for the evacuation of people living in tents near these sites, in view of the rising levels of water, due to the melting of the snow. (Petra)

BALQA HEALTH PROJECTS: Balga Health Department carried out bealth projects in the various parts of the governorate at a total cost of JD 1,345,000 in 1988. (Petra)

BAZAAR IN MAFRAQ: Mafraq Governor Fayez Ahhadi Tuesday opened a week-long bazaar at Princess Basma Social Services Centre in Mafraq. On display at the bazaar are handicrafts, ceramics, dresses and needleworks. (Petra)

DAJANI RETURNS FROM ABU DHABI: Secretary General of the Federation of the Arah Chambers of Commerce, Industry and Agriculture Burhan Dajani Tuesday returned home from Ahu Dbabi where be took part in the federation's general assembly meetings and the 4tb session of the Executive Committee of the Islamic Chamber of Trade and Industry. (Petra) MADABA AGRICULTURE: Al Mushaqqar agricultural research

centre in Madaha district has emharked on tours of farmlands in the district where technical teams provide local farmers with information on promoting the production of wheat and legumes. The centre urged all farmers to keep in touch with the teams if they require assistance. (Petra)

ART EXHIBITION AT YARMOUK: An art exhibition by students from the University of Jordan was npened at Yarmouk University Tuesday. A total of 80 paintings were on display depicting Jordanian environment and national heritage. (Petra)

#### 12 killed, 633 injured in **December road accidents**

New strategies were adopted injured in 1,331 road accidents for accelerating the ORT at the that occurred in Jordan in Deregional and oational levels, to cember 1988, according to a Pubreduce the Infant Mortality lic Security Department (PSD) (IMR) and morbidity rates, thus statistical bulletin issued contributing to the realisation of the resolution adopted by the Tuesday.

The bulletin indicated that the number of accidents went down by 77 compared to the number re-

leased in November 1988. The capital witnessed the lion's

AMMAN (Petra) — A total of 12 share of these accidents, account-persons died and 633 others were ing for 701 in all. There were 133 accidents in Zarqa., 76 in Balqa, 184 in Irbid, 31 in Karak, 23 in Ma'an, 57 in Aqaba, 83 in Badia, 19 in Mafraq, 11 in Tafileh and 13 in Madaba regions, the bulletin

Of the total number of accidents, 830 involved vehicles

knocking down pedestrians, the bulletin reported.

## Work on infrastructure underway at Al Hassan **Industrial City in Irbid**

AMMAN (Petra, J.T.) — Work on the infrastructure at the Al Hassan Industrial City (HIC) in the north of the country is underway and plans are being contemplated for establishing industrial cities in other parts of the country, according to Jordan Industrial Estates Corporation (JIEC) Director General Fayez Suheimat.

He said that the HIC is being set up on 427 dunums of land provided with all essential services, but the door will not he open for investors until April.
Suheimat said tbat the HIC can

accommndate 80 small industrial businesses unlike that of the Sabab Industrial City (SIC) which has 150 industrial concerns.

The northern industrial city, which was named after His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan earlier this month, is located near the Jordan University of Science and Technology (JUST). According to Suheimai the Ministries of Transport and Telecommunications, Labnur and Education, the Civil Defence Department, the Public Security Department, the can nperate.

Royal Scientific Society, Jordanian banks and insurance companies, opened offices in the SIC to facilitate work for the investors and save time and effort.

Earlier this month the Social Security Corporation (SSC) opened an office at the SIC and the Customs Department has decided to follow suit and offer integrated services to the various industries, Suheimat noted.

Suheimat said that the JIEC, which was established in 1980. strives to promnte industry in the Kingdom and is hoping to achieve that goal through the industrial cities where the largest possible groups of industrial businesses

According to Suhermat the SIC, set up on 2.5 million square metres at the cost of JD 73 million, nnw has food processing industries such as canning of vegetables, fruit and juice, confectioneries, hiscuits etc, and pharmaceutical manufacturing industries such as veterinary drugs, and medicine.

The engineering industries include those for the manufacture of gas stoves, radiators, refrigerators, shoes, solar heaters, electric appliances, plastic pipes etc... The chemical industries include paints, pesticides, insulating materials, detergents, scents, cosmetics, soap, ready to wear clothing, carpets, doors, printing materials, and other products.

Suhcimat in a statement on Feb. 5 said that all premises at the SIC have been occupied but there was an opportunity for industrial investors at the HIC and the other industrial cities which would be opened in other parts of ibc Kingdom. Suheimai expected JIEC to open the new industrial cities at Salt, Karak and Tafileh.

### **Red Crescent Society seminar** discusses Geneva Conventions

AMMAN (Petra, J.T.) - The reginns, evacuation plans, the Red Cross delivered lectures at Geneva Conventions and its protoenls as well as the international humanitarian law were the main topics under discussion at a threeday symposium which ended in

Amman Mnnday evening.

TUNIS (Petra) - Jordan is tak-

ing part in an Arab League Coun-

and administrative matters at the

league beadquarters in Tunis,

The meetings, which will last 10 days, will address the question of

Arah states that had so far failed

to pay up their dues to the Arab

meeting to discuss financial

rights of prisoners of war, torture nf detainces, as well as a review of the creation and development of the Red Crescent Society and the International Committee of

League headquarters budget and

the construction of new league

Also on the agenda is the ques-

tion of a pan-Arab transport

strategy. Jordan's representative

at the meeting is Ahmad Muhaidin from the Jordanian

premises in Tunis.

embassy in Tunis.

the Red Cross. The participants discussed the Specialists and lawyers from rights of civilians in occupied the University of Jordan and the

**Jordan to attend Arab** 

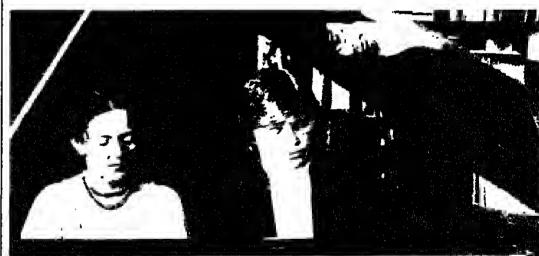
League financial talks

the symposium focusing attention on the International Humanitarian Law.

The symposium, which was nrganised by the Jordan National Red Crescent Society (JNRCS). was addressed by His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan wbo urged major powers to commit themselves to the implementation of international agreements and protocols in all areas of tension and conflict.

Prince Hassan advocated an international code of conduct to which all nations should be committed in times of war and peace. The participants reviewed the Geneva Conventions of 1949. issues related to civilian population protection during military

occupation and other related



Lucette and Jean Claude Gerard

### French piano duo to perform in Amman

AMMAN (J.T.) — A famous Amman. French piano duo will perform to Jordanian classical music lovers in a concert to be held Thursday in Amman under the patronage of Minister of Higher Education Nassereddin Al Assad.

The concert has been organised by the Noor Al Hussein Foundation's National Music Conservatory in cooperation with the French Cultural Centre in

The Duo Gerard, the famous French husband-and-wife team will perform at the Hotel Philadelphia loternational Thursday Feb. 16, 1989, and the proceeds will benefit the conservatory's scholarship fund, according to the organisers.

The duo, consisting of Lucette and Jean Claude Gerard, will arrive in Jordan from Syria to present works by Debussy, Fauré Chabrier, and Ravel.

It has been customary for the

conservatory to cooperate with other cultural centres in organising concerts, lectures and workshops with a view to promoting music in Jordan. Earlier in February it pre-

sented the famous American Sun Rhythm Section, originators of Rock a Billy music in the 1950s. through two concerts in Amman and in Irbid. Before their performance in

Amman, the Duo Gerard will give a concert at Yarmouk University on Feb. 15.

# **Exhibition** University of Jordan AMMAN (Petra) — An exhibition of maps, "entitled the

Tuehingen Atlas of the Middle East," was opened Tuesday at the University of Jordan's library. The exhibition, which consists of 35 maps, was sponsored hy the university's Geography Departmeet in cooperation with the

Goethe Institute in Amman. The maps depict geographic, historic, geological, archaeological, and economic features of Jordan prepared by a group of Middle East specialists.

Also on display is a collection of maps prepared by the Royal Jordanian Geographic Centre (RJGC) displaying aerial photographs of Amman sbot between 1918 and 1981 depicting the development of the capital over the

The RJGC maps also depict touristic, archaeological and geological areas in the Kingdom,



University of Jordan Acting President Mahmoud Al Samra Tuesday opens an exhibition of maps. Also

as well as maps that give details ahout lines of communication in the country. Some satellite Mahmoud Al Samra will last for the opening ceremony. photographs of Jordan are also

Herwig Bartels

seven days. West German The exhibition, which was Amhassador to Jordan Herwig opeoed by Acting President Bartels was among the guests at

present is the West German Ambassador to Jordan

The National Music Conservatory / Noor Al Hussein Foundation and The French Cultural Centre present Duo Gerard Four - hand Piano Concert works by Debussy. Fauré, Chabrier, and Ravel Thursday, Fchruary 16, 1989 8:00 p.m. Philadelphia International Hotel (formerly: Holiday Inn) Tickets at 3 JD's are available at: Philadelphia International Hotel The French Cultural Centre The National Music Conservatory

Under the Patronage of

H.E. Dr. Naser Al-Deen Al-Assad

## Jordan Times

جورين تابعز يومية عربية سياسية مستقلة تصدر بالانجليزية عن المؤسسة الصحفية الاردنية

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The Jordan Times is published daily except Fridays. Subscription and advertising rates are available from the Jordan Times Advertising Department.

### Giant step towards **Arab unity**

THE ARAB World takes another landmark stride Thursday with the proclamation of the birth of the Arab Cooperation Council in Baghdad by the leaders of Jordan, Egypt, Iraq and North Yemen. The event assumes additional significance in light of the overwhelmingly economic nature of the sub-regional alliance devoted to tying up loose ends and fitting in the right pieces in the right places in terms of resources and needs of the four member states. While it would be naive to expect a made-to-order economic alliance to be in place overnight after the proclamation of the ACC, there is no room for doubt that the grouping would go a long way in advancing and strengthening the concept of pan-Arab economic unity - a much-cherished but elusive dream, which, as and when realised, could do away with a major part of the Arab Nation's dependence on foreign sources and alleviate the political ramifications of such dependence.

It is not an easy task that lies ahead of the ACC, particularly when seen in light of the diverse nature of the economies of the four founder members of the alliance. Meshing together the economic systems in place is indeed a heavy responsibility and an unenviable task of the ACC leaders; at the same time, the groundwork has already been done through the years of performance of joint higher committees among the four. Quite simply, it is no longer the jigsaw puzzle that some seek to portray, since each member is aware of what it can offer others and what the others can provide in return. That indeed is the best starting point. Teething problems will be there but that should not be any

discouraging factor, nor should they be a cause for ridicule. The sincere and dedicated effort that His Majesty King Hussein and other leaders of the alliance undertook to explain to the rest of the world that the council is not aimed at any other party and that it has no political goals appear to have been well received in Arab circles. The alliance has left its door open to admit non-members of the Gulf Cooperation Council or the planned Arab Maghreb Union. Hopefully, once the air is totally clear and the dust settles down, they will opt to join in. If anything, the scenario adds to the responsibility and should strengthen the determination of the alliance to prove itself a success to the rest of the Arab World and the international community.

### JORDAN PRESS EDITORIALS

The meeting in Amman of the prime ministers of Jordan, Egypt, Iraq and North Yemen is the theme of editorials in the Al Ra'i and Al Dustour dailies Tuesday.

For its part, Al Ra'i daily said the four prime ministers will spend two days discussing the formation of the alliance before its official proclamation in Baghdad by their heads of state. The new ecomomic group will no doubt serve as a very constructive contribution to building a strong Arab economic entity, and one that will have its effects and influence on world affairs. The alliance will be open to countries wishing to join in the efforts for strengthening the national economy and will serve as an example and a model for close cooperation among states existing next to one another and harbouring great hopes for the future, through close cooperation, the paper noted. In our present age, the paper added, economic alliances are required so that common challenges can be met and progress can be achieved faster. The paper said that the meeting in Amman is of paramount importance, not for the four countries only, but rather for all the Arah states.

A columnist in Al Ra'i daily comments Tuesday on a visit to the Middle East by Soviet Foreign Minister Eduard Shevardnadze, the first since taking office three years ago. Mahmoud Rimawi says that the Soviet official is coming here against a background of peace initiatives to settle the Middle East conflict and as the European Community nations are showing increasing interest in finding a solution to the Palestine problem. Apart from discussing the Middle East issue, the Soviet official is bound to tackle other matters like the situation in Lebanon, the Gulf situation, Syrian-Palestinian differences and Syrian-Iraqi relations because these are also of concern to Moscow which strives to see the Arabs united in their action with which they can attain a lasting and honourable settlement, the writer points out. Therefore, the writer adds, the Soviet foreign minister is expected to exert efforts towards solving side issues to put an end to inter-Arah differences, thus paving the way for an all out effort to deal with the central and more important issue.

Al Dustour welcomed the prime ministers of the three countries meeting with Prime Minister Zaid Rifai in Amman Tuesday to discuss the tripartite economic alliance. It said that the alliance should be considered as a fruit of Jordanian diplomacy led by His Majesty King Hussein and supported by the leaders of the four countries. There is no doubt that the alliance would be a good contribution towards an all out Arab unity in the future and will pave the way for more fruitful cooperation among Arah states in economic fields, the paper noted. The paper said that such alliance could never have been achieved had there not been complete harmony among the heads of state of Jordan, Iraq, Egypt and North Yemen; and there is no doubt that such harmony would be deepened when close cooperation has begun and more economic progress has been achieved for the benefit of

Sawt Al Shaab daily said that Amman is opening its arms for the Arahs and hosting a meeting that would pave the way for a new phase of cooperation leading to unity. The Arah Cooperation Council, which the four ministers will fuse in their meetings here, constitutes a wide and concrete step towards bringing more progress and prosperity through sharing of expertise and through interaction in economic fields, the paper noted. It said that the emergence of the economic alliance reflects political maturity in the Arah World and responsibility towards serving the higher

# U.S. policy vs. Mideast missiles

At the recent Paris conference, the United States argued, some believe ineffectually, against the spread of chemical weapons in the Middle East while doing little to curtail Israel's nuclear arsenal. Now the energies of the Bush administration are likely to be concentrated on what America perceives as the growing 'missile race' in the Middle East.

#### By Naseem Abdallah

WASHINGTON, D.C. — The United States faces a frustrating diplomatic spring under its new administration as it mounts a campaign for limiting what it sees as a hallistic missiles race in the Middle East.

U.S. defence officials believe that the "War of the Cities" between Iran and Iraq, in which the destructive power of the longrange missiles was proven with the loss of thousands of civilian lives, has been at least partly responsible for the addition of hallistic missiles to the inventories of all major countries in the Middle East.

In addition to Iran and Iraq, and Israel's widely reported nnclear and conventional capability, a congressional report recently named Egypt, Saudi Arabia, Syria and Libya as the countries already known to have stockpiles

of ballistic missiles of different

ranges and sizes.

Arab diplomatic sources in Washington argue that the Arah countries' acquisition of ballistic missiles is directly related to the sense of insecurity created by Israel's nuclear capability. This argument figured prominently at the Paris conference, where western concerns over chemical warfare proliferation were noted for the absence of any reference to

Israel's nuclear capability.

"So long as Israel's nuclear capability remains outside international control or monitoring the argument for maintaining a conventional deterrent force in the Arab World will remain a strong one," said one diplomat. "It is not that the Arab countries are particularly awash with petrodollars or that they can go on spending on military stockpiles. It's a matter of sheer necessity."

U.S. diplomatic initiatives on the ballistic missiles issue so far bave skirted what Arab diplomats see as the "linkage" between the various levels of military buildup in the Middle East. "It is quite ludicrous to separate the issues. c. chemical and nuclear proliferation and the matter of ballistic missiles," said one analyst. "To my mind they are interdepen-dent; one problem cannot be addressed without attention to

. Although Israel has had a longstanding programme to develop long-range missiles, it is the Egyptian programme in recent years that has awakened U.S. officials to the need for diplomatic action. Before President George Bush took over in Janu-

ary, U.S. officials were hinting at

inviting both Egypt and Israel to talks on the missile issue.

Initially, the Bush administration wants to engage the Middle East governments into a framework of cooperation that will involve commitment by each of the countries to provide notice of test launchings. Although innocuous at face value, U.S. officials hope that such an arrangement will enable the administration to monitor and assess the

owning countries. The test monitoring arrangements then could be upgraded into a more comprehensive for-

potential of each of the missile-

mat covering limitation and con-trol of production and deploy-

U.S. government sources said the missile issue now was of high-level concero in the Bush administration, because of fears that the ballistic missiles already in Middle Eastero stockpiles could be used to carry chemical or nuclear warheads. However there are deep differences between the Pentagon and the State Department over bow to translate that concern into policy - or how to limit proliferation.

The hardliners, who oppose any Israel, who bave advocated a ban on any Arab state possessing ballistic missiles, have had to contend with the pragmatists who feel that the United States must seek the confidence of the regional governments rather than risking confrontation, particularly

since most of the countries involved are its allies.

Pentagon experts have cited arguments for seeking Arab pledges against "first use" and onthe size and nature (nuclear, chemical, conventional, etc., of the payload. What few of the administratioo experts have failed to acknowledge is that military deployment in the Middle East is the direct outcome of the Arab states' threat perception vis a vis Israel's nuclear capability.

E BENEFIT

Many of the administration's respected - and hence influential - experts still seem to beproliferation outside the westero a lieve that the issues of Israel's camp, as well as supporters of nuclear power, chemical weapons and missiles production have to be treated separately. It is because of this prevailing narrowfocus view that analysts feel there cannot be a breakthrough on missiles without movement on the wider issue of Palestine. — Academic File.

### NATO partners acquiesce in **Bonn's missile problems**

By Patrick Worsnip

LONDON - With their mild reaction to West German Chancellor Helmut Kohl's statement that no NATO decision is needed this year to modernise nuclear weapons, the United States and Britain have accepted that Bonn's political problems come first.

Washington and London, the most hard-line members of the 16-nation Western alliance, bad for some time been pushing the West Germans to agree in 1989 to a programme to upgrade shortrange missiles and other nuclear systems

Bonn, faced with widespread public opposition to the plan, had been dragging its feet. Finally Kohl, in an interview

with the British newspapet Financial Times published on Friday, said there was no need to commit NATO to an update of its 88 Lance missile launchers until 1991 or 1992.

Initial U.S. and British comments were surprisingly sympathetic to the dilemma of the West German leader, who has tried to show Atlantic solidarity while at the same time taking account of the strong anti-nuclear feeling at home.

A European-based U.S. official said Washington wanted a "positive signal" from Bonn on the Lance, hut said: "It doesn't ernisation) taken in 1989. We recognise that the Germans

aren't going to do that." A British official also said London did not want to make life difficult for Bonn, and added: "I

don't think the Americans are in the business of trying to twist the arms of the Germans at the moment. They realise there are domestic concerns there."

NATO launched its modernisation plan in 1983, foreseeing a reduction in the total number of nuclear warbeads - missiles, bombs and artillery shells - but improvement of remaining stocks. Since then it has cut warheads hy 35 per cent — mainly obsolete shells - to a figure of

4.600...

The question of replacing the ageing Lance, NATO's only tactical missile with a range of 110 kilometres, has become more acute since the 1987 U.S.-Soviet intermediate-range nuclear forces (INF) treaty abolishing mediumrange missiles.

The U.S. Defence Department is examining several candidates for the new missile, of which the favonrite is a nuclear version of the army tactical missile system. which is being developed as a conventional weapon for the U.S.

But in order to go on funding development, the U.S. Congress wants assurances from the rest of NATO that they support the modernisation programme.

The problem for frontline West Germany is that in any East-West conflict short-range missiles and sbells would be likely to explode on its or on East German terri-Bonn politicians have coined the saying: "The shorter the range, the deader the Ger-

Over the past year, a compromise had appeared to he emerging in West Germany that

it would approve the missile modemisation programme in return for a sharp cut in NATO's nuclear artillety shells.

But for Kohl, faced with continuing setbacks in local elections, no time has seemed like a good time to announce such a decision.

To add to the problem, a stream of disarmament offers and unilateral cutbacks from the Soviet Union bas intensified the feeling among West Germans that no modernisation is needed.

In December, Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev announced he was withdrawing 50,000 men and 5,000 tanks from the Warsaw Pact front lines. The withdrawals will include a small number of Soviet tactical nuclear missiles.

This will hardly affect the halance in tactical missiles - the Warsaw Pact currently has nearly 1,400 launchers to NATO's 88. Nevertheless, NATO has spurned repeated Soviet proposals for talks on scrapping shortrange missiles, arguing that now

medium-range missiles are going it would be denuded altogether of a nuclear deterrent. Kohl has said he does not favour the abolition of shortrange missiles, but many West German politicians would like to

see talks with the Soviets on reducing them. It took a major act of nerve for Kohl to agree to the INF treaty, with its inevitable consequence that more emphasis would be placed on short-range systems.

Since he took that decision, his NATO partners have been inclined to look more leniently on his domestic political problems.

## Turkey debates the Ozals technocrats or sultans?

By Hugh Pope

ISTANBUL — A few steps from the tomb of Sultan Suleyman the Magnificent lies what some see as a symbol of the growing power of the family of Turkish Prime Minister Turgut Ozal.

Amid the historic turban-topped Ottoman gravestones is a small new addition, a marble stone marking the last resting place of Ozal's mother Hafize. A cahinet decree is needed for hurial in the former royal cemetery, and its rare use last year for a member of the Ozal family signalled the start of a simmering public debate over his family's rise. There bave been unpre-

cedented attacks on Ozal's family by Erdal Inonu, leader of the main opposition Social Democrat Populist Party, during the run-up to local elections in March.

"The Ozal family should take their hands off the state... They are plundering the state's resources," be told the liberal Millivet newspaper in January. The 61-year-old prime minister

however has rejected Inonu's allegations as well as those in the first book about the Ozal family ... It became a bestseller after hitting Turkish hookshops last month.

"They consider me like a dynasty," Ozal told Reuters this month. "But I am not a king or emir... dictator or a single-party 'national leader.' (We are) all elected by the people."

He noted that Inonu himself was the son of Ismet Inonu, Turkey's long-serving second president and "national leader."

in posts of great power, and, despite Ozal's image abroad as a centre-right technocrat. Turkish caricaturists like to draw him in robes as an Ottoman ruler like Suleyman the Magnificent, who

Ozal's youngest hrother Yusuf is the minister in charge of the stare-dominated economy and the prime minister's cousin. Husnu Dogan, is minister of griçulture.

Younger brother Korkut has nurtured Turkey's growing links with Saudi Arahia, Ozal's banker son Ahmet is a close aide and daughter Zeynep has been involved with Istanbul city politics.

But most powerful of all the Ozal line besides Turgut is said to be his wife Semra. The prime minister is rarely far from her and husinessmen have knelt before her in public. "Turkey may be a democracy,

but it is definitely oriental," said one Western diplomat. "It can be pretty hitter if you are not inside the charmed circle."

Semra, a flamboyant figure who smokes cigars and drinks whisky, heads a women's foundation known hy its symbol as the daisies, edits a newspaper and campaigns for birth control and omen's rights.

Headlines like "Lady Semra, just like the prime minister,' greeted her visit this month to the terior ministry to push women's rights to high posts in the civil service.

"Sbe does good work for charity and is a modern role model for women," a senior leftist col-umnist told Reuters. "But she is by growing social hardship.

But Ozal family members are unelected and strong in domestic policy. That is dangerous for us, the regime, the party and the democratic way of life."

Semra's activism is unusual among politicians' wives in modern Turkey, but some critics say it is an echo of the power of sultans' spouses and mothers in some periods of the Ottoman empire. "It bas not been like this since 

From?" "According to some, it's not a family, hut a dynasty. And they are all running the state together," Colasai wrote, alleging a network of patronage stretching to distant relatives.

book about he Ozal family,"

Where Did Tnrgut Spring

Ozal said Colamn's hitterly anti-Ozal work was "not worth taking seriously" and the fact that ir was published and freely sold was a symbol that Tuikish democratic values were flourishing.

"In Turkey, a politician should have a hig heart, and a bigger stomach to take the punches. Otherwise you cannor be in politics," said Ozal, the eldest son of a poor provincial hank clerk who rose through the civil service as an electrical engineer and state planning official

Despite Inonu's allegations about Ozal's family, some opposition strategists think that the issue is unlikely to become a major one in the March elections. An economic boom since 1983 is now slowing fast, accompanied

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## Peruvians emigrate to escape economic crisis, violence

By David Brough

LIMA - Peruvians are leaving their country in increasing numbers to escape a deepening economic crisis and guerrilla violence, according to recent sur-

Angry with the plunging value of their wages and frightened they could be victims of a guerrilla attack, many Peruvians say they are leaving in the bope of finding a better future abroad. Every day lines of more than 500 people wait to collect new passports at the emigration office

in central Lima.

"The situation in Peru is just horrible," said William Brutton Sr, a Peruvian engineer of English descent who plans to leave Peru, following his son to work in the United States. The son, William Jr, left Lima

in January to work as a data processor in a large computing company in Ohio.

"For us it's very dangerous living here," he told Reuters. He said his family, like many others, feared getting maimed or killed in an attack by Maoist Shining Path (Sendero Luminoso) or Marxist-Leninist Tupac

(MRTA) guerrillas.
The MRTA dynamited several

restaurants in Lima recently. Sendero Luminoso have blacked out the city and called armed strikes threatening death to people who turned up for work.

A more worrying problem for many is the economy. Inflation of more than 1,700 per cent is hiting deep into people's wages.

William Jr, who studied computing at the University of Florida, was astonished to learn how little his friends were earning when he visited Lima in December, his father said.

He found out he would earn up to \$200 a month in Peru, for short of the \$2,500 a month he would receive in the United States.

The Bruttons' case is one example of a "brain drain" that threatens to deprive Peru of talent needed for its economic de-

In January the independent current affairs magazine Si quoted the case of nuclear engineer Luis Villegas, who was planning to leave Peru with his family and go to another South American country or the United States.

lear power plant at Huarangal, 40 kilometres north of Lima, said be was leaving because his earnings did not reflect his years of study and training. He was earning about \$70 a

Villegas, who worked at a nuc-

month - much less than the \$800 to \$1,000 a month he said he would earn doing the same job in Argentina or Brazil. A survey published in January

by the independent paper Expresso, using figures from embassies, said about 150,000 Peruvians emigrated last year, three times the figure for 1987.

Another study, released in January by left-wing senator Enrique Bernales, said the pace of emigration had accelerated. It said that last year about 75,000 Peruvians left the country from September to December — about

Amaru Revolutionary Movement the same number as from January

to August.

Expresso said most emigrants were men and women from 19 to 35 years of age who were using tourist and student visas to leave the country. No official emigration figures were available.

The paper said many emigrants sold all their belongings just to pay for their plane tickets and the first few days' stay abroad. Many were leaving Peru for the first time and might never return.

The most frequent destinations were the United States and nearhy South American countries such as Brazil, Bolivia and Para-

Expresso said the main reasons escape inflation, job sbortages and guerrilla violence.

Opposition politicians say a consumer boom introduced by President Alan Garcia four years ago bas provoked inflation and driven Peru into economic chaos.

Lima's streets are lined with aggressive camhistas, unemployed youths huying and selling dollars that Peruvians demand as a hedge against inflation.

The inti currency has slid to record lows against the dollar amid uncertainty over whether Garcia will survive his five-year

Peruvians were leaving were to strikes in recent months by workers pressing wage demands to compensare them for soaring prices. There have been two national strikes hy metal miners, who are the country's main earners of foreign exchange.

"People are leaving because the country is falling apart," said a petrol station administrator, Luis Enrique Gazzo, who was seeking joh opportunities abroad, possibly in Bolivia or Paraguay.

He told Reuters he was earning about \$15 a month, barely enough to live on and a fraction of what he received for doing similar work a few years ago.

### **ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES Footsteps**

By Ibrahim Abu Nab

WAS trying to write a column for the newspaper when I was interrupted by a question from my little daughter who asked about the number of languages in. the world. When I said that I didn't know, she replied "you could know if you wanted to."

"But I don't want to know the number of languages, this would not add anything to my well-being nor would it improve my standing in life," I replied. There is no point in acquiring knowledge that is of no use to me

My daughter then said: "What is the use of going to school then, since all that we study there is of no use to us? If I have my way I will choose not to go.'

Then she related a story that occurred at school last year. It was severely cold outside, and while the little girls were frozen gathering around a heater in the staff room, not bothering about the teaching lessons. After two girl to the poor girls saying "dis- total number of applications for

sroom and apologise to the girls for not heing able to give any lessons due to the severe weather. What kind of learning would one get at the bands of these teachers? my daughter asked. At this point I asked her what

while all boys and girls went to school or university seeking, education, so that later she would join the growing number of unemployed in the country? At this we hoth laughed heartily. Why? Well, because many of us realise that for the past three years there had been no chance for any young women to get employment unless she had a university degree. This does not necessarily mean that a university degree is guaranteed employment. We realise that the Civil Service Commission has piles and piles of to their seats, their teachers were applications for employment at government departments. According to the commission's 1988 report, females' applications hours, one of the teachers sent a accounted for 64 per cent of the

miss". Not one of the teachers employment, or 29,276 out of a hothered to come to the clas-, total of 45,988. Equality between men and women seems to have been interpreted in a wrong manner, and many seem to have considered equality as referring to the "roles" of men and women. Indeed, we witness nowadays armies of women takshe wanted me to do. Sbail I ing over men's positions in diffeleave her at home doing nothing. rent areas of employment without prompting men to move home to take over women's domestic employment or housework. Should the present trend continue, it would not be aurprising to see men assuming physically harsh occupations which are normally shunned by women, and \if women pursue their present orientation and continue to adopt imported ideologies, men woul find themselves quoting famous American film star Clark Gabel when he said: "There is nothing : in the world more beautiful than a woman awaiting the return of her husband home and looking forward to hearing his footsteps Men will sooner or later be looking for such women among many of those who are now employed



## Rubber tappers of the Amazon

By Tom Quinn

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The vast, tranquil green of the western Amazon basin masks the rapid, often hrutal, change that has characterised the past decade there, particularly in the states of Rondonia and Acre, Brazil's latest frontier. In both states, and in other parts of the Amazon, Brazil's tremendous economic growth has favoured the development of large-scale enterprises for example, cattle ranching and agricultural colonisation schemes that are currently bringing nearly 200,000 new settlers into the region each year. Largely ignored have been the more than 500,000 inhabitants of the tropical forest who make their living by gather-ing raw materials such as natural rubber and Brazil nuts.

This policy bas resulted in massive clearing of the forest, usually by the method of cutting and then hurning the dense tropical vegetation. Last year, 170,000 fires were counted in Brazil's part of the western Amazon alone. They were most heavily clustered along the 1,100 kilometres of BR-364, the main highway between Cuiaha, the principal staging area for colonisation from southern Brazil, and Rondonia's capital, Porto Velbo.

The fires are currently contributing one-tenth of the global production of carbon dioxide, the gas judged principally responsible for the warming of the world's climate known as the "greenhouse effect." They have recently prompted Brazil's president, Jose Sarney, who described the fires as

"the red light" that awakened The council presented demands him, to call for a drastic reversal to the state and federal governof the Brazilian government's approach to development in the Amazon. In particular, the fires have focused increased attention from international organisations and the Brazilian government on the plight of traditional rural Amazonian communities, both Indian and ethnically mixed caboclo, as well as their sources of livelihood, ruhber tapping chief among them.

Rubber: Boom and backwater

Since the mid-nineteenth-century ruhber boom in Brazil, in-digenous and caboclo rubber tappers have collected raw latex from natural stands of rubber trees in the Amazon forest, tapping trees along miles-long intersecting networks of rudimentary forest paths. This mode of extraction, often based on trihal or community-hased common property customs, proved to be sustainable over generations. Brazilian productivity, however, lagged behind plantation competitors in Southeasr Asia. With the end of the Amazon rubber boom in the 1910s, rubber tapping hecame an economic backwater on the frontier, with little or no power to influence government policy.

But in 1985, after more than a decade of organising, representatives of sixteen rural workers' unions and other local organisations from four Amazon states succeeded in forming the National Council of Rubber Tappers.

ments for increased social services, higher rubber prices, and fundamental change in regional development planning.

The centrepiece of the council's programme has been to work toward the creation of "extractive reserves," or common forests, in large areas of the Amazon where rubber and other useful trees grow. Rubber tappers are asking that these reserves be used only for the sustainable harvest of forest products. Rubber-tapper leaders have presented their proposal before hearings of the United Nations World Commission on Environment and Development. And the international advocacy of Francisco Mendes, president of the rural workers' union in Xapuri, Acre, has persuaded the Inter-American Development Bank and the World Bank to endorse the common forest concept in loan renewals to the Amazon region.

The Amazonian alliance

The rubber tappers' call for extractive reserves has also been entbusiastically endorsed by tbose in Brazil's budding environmental and indigeoous movements. In 1986 the Council of Rubber Tappers and the Union of Indigenous Nations formed an "Amazonian Alliance" in order to press for the creation of common forests and the demarcation of Indian lands.

After a long and complicated effort, enough public pressure

was generated for the creation, in both Acre and Rondonia, of state forestry and environmental protection agencies. And in February 1988 the governor of Acre, Flaviano Melo, proclaimed the establishment of the first common forest in Brazil.

In Rondonia, the state government has also taken up the initiative to establish common forests. In marked contrast to Acre, however, where grass-roots rubber-tapper organisations bave pressured the state government for more than a decade to resolve land conflicts, rural communities in Rondonia are less organised. For common forests to fulfill their promise in Rondonia, considerable organising work still needs to be done.

the highly diversified production practices of ruhber tappers offer sustainable returns when compared with either colonist farming or cattle ranching, especially in light of the soil exhaustion caused by the latter activities in the fragile tropical environment. But the area needed for a bousebold to sustain itself in the forest currently averages more than 600 acres, and ways must be found ro enrich the forest to enable some measure of intensification.

Recent research has shown thar

Access to resources

Building on Foundatioo approaches in other tropical countries, the principal focus of the Brazil office's Rural Poverty and Resources programme bas been to link resource conserva-

livelihoods for the rural poor. In the Amazon region this takes the form of support for activities through which rural communities, intermediary organisations, research and teaching institutions, and government agencies can work together toward establishing that link.

Recently the Foundation made grants totalling \$400,000 to assist efforts to create forest reserves in Rondonia and Acre. At the centre of these grants, observes programme officer Peter May, are the people who live and struggle and survive as rubber tappers."

Says May, "We're working with them because of their expression of concern for access to the resources on which they depend. It's all the better that this also coincides with objectives of the environmental movement and with global concern for the quality of the earth's atmosphere."

The National Council of Rubber Tappers received \$50,000 to help establish referral centres in the capital cities of Acre and Rondonia. In those centres, fulltime staff will field inquiries from rural communities, raise pressing problems with relevant state officials, monitor local land conflicts. and organise meetings.
The Institute for Amazon Stu-

dies, which has played a crucial role in galvanising support for the commoo-forest coocepr and which has already undertaken a Foundation-assisted legal advocacy and research programme in support of the rubber tappers'

In a tropical forest in Acre, a ruhber tapper scores a tree to start the flow of natural latex into

movement, received \$155,200. The institute, headquartered in Curitiba in southeastern Brazil, will use the money to expand its advocacy for natural-resource management by Amazonian peoples, to provide legal and technical assistance to the Council of Rubber Tappers and the state government agencies authorised to create common forests, and to lay the base for the opening of an institute office in the western

Amazon

A grant of \$50,000 to the Acre State Technology Foundation will \$44,220 to conduct surveys in ving resource in support field work and planning areas where conditions are con-

first common forest in Acre. The mon forests. In keeping with the Federal University of Acre, which received two grants totalling \$140,050, will serve as a partner in the planning, and will collaborate with staff members from the University of Florida's rural communities will take part Amazon Research and Training Programme to develop a programme in agroforestry and farming practices that would be suitable to the Amazoo forest.

Finally, the Rondonia State

for the management of Brazil's ducive to the creation of comemphasis on collaborative research, representatives of the Council of Rubber Tappers will be involved in training the survey field team, and members of the in discussions of the research results.

In a related series of actions, the Foundation's field office in Lima, Peru, recently made a series of grants using a similar Forestry Institute received collaborative approach for improving resource management in the

gy to work full-time in music.

I'd been playing tradinonal

Zulu music for a long time, and I

was very interested in finding a

common ground for both West-

ern and African forms," Clegg

western dynamics, which actually

increased its appeal."

'So I was introducing certain

Juluka's early audiences were

almost entirely black - at that

time playing to racially-mixed

crowds was illegal but easier to

get away with in the hlack

townships, where their fame

Even so, Clegg estimates that

spread by word of mouth.

Rebels talk of toppling Khomeini; experts call it a pipedream

By Neil Macfarquhar The Associated Press

BAGHDAD - Iran's main opposition group says it has the military ability to overthrow Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini's fundamentalist government, but military analysts, question the

Hussein Mahdavi, a senior official of the Iraqi-hased Mujahedeen-e-Khalq would not say how many years if might take to overthrow Iran's government.
"If you look at the divisions...

inside the Khomeini regime, and to tion.". compare it to the resistance ready at any time to overthrow the regime, you cannot seriously speak about needing years," he said in an inteview with the AP.

"We've sbown that we have the ability to militarily overthrow this regime," be added, referring to the large-scale incursion by the Mujahedceo's military arm, the National Liberation Army (NLA), into western Iran just before the Aug. 20 ceasefire in

the Gulf war. While the Mujahedeeo still say the operation was a major victory, diplomats say the rebels were mauled by Khomeini's Revolutionary Guards.

The Mujahedeen admit to losing 1,000 fighters. In addition. thousands of their supporters inside Iran were arrested and many believed executed. ie beer me

Diplomats, speaking on condition of anonymity, said the opera-

tion, called Eternal Light, undermined whatever support the rehels had inside Iran as many were forced to flee and left it seriously weakened.

The NLA pushed 150 kilometres into Bakhtaran province before they were pushed Talk of overthrowing

Khomeini is "sheer dreaming and sheer stupidity" said one westero military analyst, speaking on con-

dition of anonymity.
"What could they do? Whete would they go? They got destroyed in the Eternal Light opera-

Capturing territory

Much of the civilian population had been moved away from the border during the eight-year-old Gulf war, so capturing territory would be a limited threat to the. government, analysts said.

They argued that it was highly unlikely that the rebels, whose strength by the most optimistic estimate is around 15,000 fighters, could overwhelm the Iranian

With Tehran more than 550 kilometres east of the border, any force attempting to move oo the capital would be hadly exposed with a long, vulnerable supply line without vital air support, the analysts said.

"They could get in, but they'd not get anywhere with substance. They'd be waxed along the way,' one Western analyst commented.

Even if the rebels did have an army prepared to cross the border, the aoalysts said, Iraq appears committed to peace negotiations and would be unlikely to let them reignite the Gulf

Iraqi officials declined to comment on the Mujahedeen's future, or that of smaller Iranian resistance groups also hased in Iraq, while peace negotiations with Iran have stalled.

Everything on those issues will be dependent on Iranian behaviour," said Deputy Foreign Minister Nizar Hamdoon. "It's premature to address this point at the moment."

Iragi positiou

Thus far the Mujahedeen appear to bold wide support io Iraq. They still hroadcast a nightly half-hour televisioo programme and ooe diplomat noted that the post office box listed on their official paper is the same used by the Culture and Ioformatioo

But Iraq has expelled Iranian resistance groups hefore. Khomeini himself spent 15 yers in the holy city of Najaf hut was asked to leave in 1978 during a moment of detente in Iran-iraq Mahdavi said conditions have

banged since then. He noted: This time there bas heen an eight-year war between the two countries with a sea of victims between both borders."

He conceded that a peace trea-ty might mean Iraq barring the Mujahedeen from staging military operations across the border. He would nor say if they are conducting such operations now.

INNER SPACE

: 3:30, 6:15, 9:00

Cinema



But said they have oo problem moving hack and forth into Iran Mahdavi accused Iran of avoiding a peace treaty because of internal differences and said that if Tehran did agree to a treaty it might trigger a civil war.

They il have to resort to kill-

iogs and purges within the ranks," he said. "In such a state the in-fighting would create an atmosphere similar to that of the revolution.

"At that time the NLA... will embark on overthrowing the Khomeioi regime," Mabdavi

The Mujahedeen were allied with Khomeini in the 1979 revolution that toppled Irao's monarchy. But the fundameotalists turned on their liberal and leftist allies in 1981-82, killing thousands in a bloody purge.

Mahdavi, 43, was a former governor of Iran's Zanjan province and held numerous government posts under Khomeini before be fled in 1982.

## 'White Zulu' sets anti-apartheid trend for young South Africans

## Songs of the soul and enlightened colonialists

By Gill Tudor

JOHANNESBURG - Johnny Clegg, a Zulu-speaking white musician whose Afro-Western rhythms have proved popular in Europe, is making anti-apartheid politics fashionable among South Africa's privileged white youth. Known as "le zoulou blanc"

language freely between English and Zulu. But the idyll is punctuated by hard-edged condemnation of South Africa's apartheid racial segregation. In a tribute to jailed black

nationalist Nelson Mandela he sings: "asimhonang'umandela thina laph'ehleli khona", Zulu for 'we have not seen Mandela in the place where he is kept."

"They said I should learn to speak a little bit of English, maybe practice birth control, keep away from controversial politics so as to save my third world soul"

(The white Zulu) to his French fans, Clegg has notched up a string of hits ahroad with his energetic hlend of western rock and traditional African music.

Now he and his hand savuka have returned for a brief tour in their home country, where his appeals for racial onity seem to be hitting home more than ever among South Africa's largely apolitical white youth.

New direction

"I think the role of any musician is to have two or three songs on an album which push people's perceptions or fears or hopes in a new direction," Clegg recently told reporters.

Clegg feels South African musicians should sing about their own experiences rather than mouth hland international lyrics. His own songs ofteo celebrate traditional African life, switching

Cinema

Another song takes a swipe at

white colonial values: Third world soul

"They said I should learn to speak a little hit of English, mayhe practise birth control keep away from controversial politics so to save my third world

ing last month's whirlwind South African tour as tens of thousands flocked to see Savuka's six-man line-up — three hlack, three

Extra shows were laid oo dur-

The vast majority were cleancut white teenagers in their latest summer clothes,

In the past some whites have walked out or burled ahuse at Clegg's overtly political songs. But this time the response to songs like "Asimbonanga" was a

rousing cheer. The crowd leapt and swayed

in time to the music. Some held up flickering cigarette lighters in solidarity with the lyrics. "The ship we're sailing on

doesn't have to be the Titanic," Clegg told them. "We have every problem out in

the open that other countries have hidden, and I believe we'll be the first country to solve those problems. You people have got to be a part of that."

Clegg acknowledged that many people were there not because of his political message hut simply because it was fashionable.

"Unfortunately, small cult operations doo't really have a maximum impact and when you make something fashionable you're inserting it into the cultural mainstream. You're saying it's cool to talk about Mandela and political

prisoners," he said. "There'll ohviously be a good 60 per cent who doo't really give a damn but you've reached far more people — you'll have 15 or 20 per cent whose lives you've really changed."

Clegg, 35, was hooked on African music as a teenager when be heard hlack migrant workers playing guitar in the streets around his Johannesburg bome.

Juluka He asked one to teach him their distinctive style of playing, and through them he learnt Zulu and the trihal dancing which forms an integral part of his act. At 16 be teamed up with Sipho Mchunu, a young gardener, and

in 1978 they started recording

during one year, 1982, police broke up 10 to 15 per cent of their shows. His anti-apartheid stance also meant state-run television and radio systematically ignored him and banned some of his songs from the airwaves.

Juluka split up in 1985 wheo Mchunu returned to farm cattle in the Zulu heartland of Natal province. Savuka was boro soon afterwards, replacing Juluka's folk hase with a more rock feel.

Clegg admits his hlack support has waned and puts this down mainly to negative coverage in the conservative black press. But his optimism about racial barmony is as strong as ever.

In "missing", a song on deten-tions without trial, he sings: "I want you to know that this state will never last. Mayhe better days are coming and we'll make peace with the past."

together under the name Juluka. Clegg later gave up his job as a The song drew one of the university lecturer in anthropolo- loudest cheers of the evening.

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### Readmission to OAPEC highly certain

## Egypt willing to consider oil output cuts

CAIRO (R) — Egypt said Tuesday it was willing to consider cutting its oil output and would stick by any pact among other producers outside OPEC to help stabilise the world oil market.

"We are willing to consider any Soviet Union, Norway, North cuts and abide by any agreement reached among the non-OPEC group," Hamad Ayoub, deputy chairman of the Egyptian General Petroleum Corporation (EGPC), told Reuters in a telephone interview.

He was speaking before leaving for London to lead Egypt's delegation to next week's scheduled meeting of oil producers outside the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC).

The talks will be attended by experts from Angola, China. Colombia. Egypt, Malaysia, Mexico a general understanding among and Oman. Observers from the participants." Ayoub said. ombia. Egypt, Malaysia, Mexico

OPEC introduced new output quotas on Jan. 1 for its 13 memtion by more than 15 per cent.

cuts, limiting exports or even capping outputs. It all depends on

### Largest Swiss bank discloses big losses

LONDON (R) — Union Bank of Switzerland (UBS), the largest Swiss bank, has lost more than £115 million (\$200 million) on its London securities business since April 1987, the Financial Times said Tuesday.

In an early edition, the paper iquoted Rudolf Mueller, UBS chief executive and head of the chank's British operations, as saying he wanted to make a full public disclosure of its losses in order to put an end to damaging speculation.

The Financial Times said the losses made UBS "one of the fargest known casualties of the recent turmoil in the world stock

the bank's London securities lion (\$53 million).

# **OECD:** Italy should act to

ARIS (R) — Italy should take growing more strongly, increas-action to cut its high government ing domestic demand for higher

In its first report on Italy in 17 months, the 24-nation OECD

If this occurred, "inflation yould ease a little and the deerioration in the external baance would be only modest, vith the current account deficit videning from about \$4 billion in 988 to about \$6 billion in 1990."

he report said. Inflation should hold around

But it warned that consumer

Yemen, the Canadian province of Alberta and U.S. states of Texas and Alaska are also expected. Ayoub said that non-OPEC countries agreed last month in London to consider measures to

help stabilise world markets. bers which has cut their produc-

"There are a variety of mea-sures to be considered including

business had been "totally unacceptable" and had forced UBS to make far-reaching management changes.

But there would be no mass redundancies of the sort ordered by other ailing financial bouses in London in recent months.

The losses were incurred almost entirely by Phillips and Drew, the London stockbroking firm bought in 1986 ahead of London's "Big Bang" deregula-tion of the financial markets.

In the year ending in March 1988, which included the 1987 stock market crash, Phillips and Drew lost £66 million (\$116 million) and in the following nine Mueller said performance of months it lost a further £30 mil-

# reduce budget deficit

pudget deficit, the Organisation or Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) said uesday.
The Mediterranean country

also faced the danger that strong reconomic growth could rekindle nflation and widen its trade descit, the Paris-based think-tank

orecast that Italy's growth rate. stimated at 3.75 per cent in 1988, would slow to 3.5 per cent his year and 2.75 per cent in

our per cent this year, falling to .75 per cent by the second half if 1990, ir added.

account deficit. "The size of recent (wage) set-tlements is a matter of some concern in view of continued high level of unemployment," the OECD said.

wages and widening the current

It was also essential that an accord between government and unions on improving efficiency and flexibility in the public sector be put into practice.

Italian governments bad missed a chance in recent years to large dollar depreciation and a 30 per cent increase in export markets to reduce its overall spending deficit significantly, the OECD

Now that 1988 and 1989 economic growth looked stronger than first thought it was clearly important that such higher revenues be used to reduce the deficit, and not to increase expenditure.

Because of a failure in the 1960s and 1970s to curb public sector spending. Italy now faces by far the beaviest overall debt and industrial demand risked load of all developed nations,

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recommendations to their ministers, scheduled to meet in March.

He said Egypt's production in recent weeks varied between 870,000 barrels per day (b/d) and 920,000 b/d "but when Egypt gave OPEC its word to curb production we kept the level at

Egypt, which exports about one-third of its production, is selling its top Suez and Ras Bahar grades at \$14.75 a barrel this

Ayoub said that prices, normally reviewed in the middle of each month, might not be changed until the end of

He added that the non-OPEC one of the main discussion points experts in London would make among oil producers, be added.

The economic situation of each country has to be carefully evaluated. A country relying heavily on oil revenues should not be expected to make drastic cuts," he said.

Ayoub mentioned Colombia as an example of a country which needed huge revenues to overcome economic difficulties following an earthquake last year.

Egypt itself, burdened by \$43 billion of foreign debt, also depends beavily on oil for bard currency earnings. In Kuwait, the Organisation of

Arab Petroleum Exporting Countries (OAPEC) is almost certain rebruary. to readmit Egypt when it meet in Knwait on May 15, Acting

Secretary-General Abdul Aziz Al Wattari said Tuesday.

The move would be another sign of Egypt's rehabilitation in the Arab World after its suspension from the Arab League and other pan-Arab organisations in 1979 because of its peace treaty with Israel.

"Judging from voting records in other organisations on the matter... it's almost a foregone conchusion that Egypt's membership will be reactivated," Wattari told Reuters.

Formed in 1968 to promote joint Arab energy projects, OAPEC groups Algeria, Bahrain, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya. Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Syria and the United Arab Emirates.

Only Libya, Lebanon and Syria economic integration.

bave not restored diplomatic relations with Egypt since a 1987 Arab summit that gave Arab

states the green light to do so. Wattari said the return of Egypt would require support of three-quarters of the membership including two founding members. The same conditions apply to the quorum, so even a boycott of the meeting by Libya and Syria would not block approval.

An OAPEC spokesman said a majority of ministers from memer states had agreed to attend.

OAPEC states together produce nearly one-fourth of the world's oil. They bave formed joint ventures and companies in oil transport, engineering, investment and training to further Arab

### Top official cautions against high hopes for new Third World debt strategy

dramatic new solution to the \$1.3 trillion Third World debt crisis might be running too high, the bead of the IMF and World centre stage following a year of Bank's development panel said Monday.

ary of the Joint Development ton's strategy. Committee, said some progress bad been made in tackling the debt problems of poor African wrong to expect a radical new

building up too fast," be told reporters at a briefing in London for countries to grow out of their

completed a multi-billion dollar.

eight-year programme to mod-

and boost their capacity by 28 per

cent, a Knwait Petroleum Cor-

poration (KPC) spokesman said

He told the Kuwait News

Agency (KUNA) Prime Minister

Saad Al Abdullah Al Sabah

would next Monday inangurate

the newly modernised and ex-

panded Mina Abdullah refinery,

the last of three covered by the

The \$2 billion project at Mina

Abdullah south of Kuwait City

hiked its capacity to 200,000 bar-

rels per day (b/d) from 75,000 b/d

and made it one of the world's

most modern, the spokesman

ico's foreign reserves plummeted from a record \$16 billion to

around \$8 billion last year, one of

the most severe costs of an other-

programme, a private think tank

freeze on the peso-dollar ex-

change rate was a leading cause

central heating.

Seventh and Eighth circles.

etc) plus many other ideas.

Tuesday.

Kuwait completes drive to

KUWAIT (R) - Kuwait bas revenue from its crude. The

ernise its domestic oil refineries roleum Exporting Countries

Kuwait bas aggressively ex- product less in demand than light-

panded oil refining operations at er distillates such as gas oil and home and abroad to maximise kerosene.

MEXICAN CITY (AP) - Mex- said in a review of the Mexican

wise successful anti-inflation tuted a gradual peso devaluation,

says.

Investors' "incredulity" that the government would maintain a sion, but failed until the second

of capital flight, the Centre for 1988 but was shrinking at the end

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Private Sector Economic Studies of the year, the report said.

Report reveals \$8 billion

loss in Mexican reserves

products.

modernise refineries

LONDON (R) — Hopes for a on the committee's next meeting dramatic new solution to the \$1.3 due in Washington at the start of

April.

The debt crisis has returned to economic gloom in Latin America and as U.S. President Bush Yves Fortin, executive secret-, conducts a review of Washing-

The Group of Seven industrial nations — the U.S., Britain, Canada, France, Italy, Japan and nations but cautioned it would be West Germany - also launched a new push to tackle the problem

when they met in Washington for "Perhaps expectations are two days at the start of February. Fortin said the current strategy

northern Gulf state, a key mem-

ber of the Organisation of Pet-

(OPEC), produces more than two-thirds of its oil as refined

The \$5 billion modernisation

scheme bas boosted capacity of

the three main domestic refiner-

ies to 670,000 b/d, the spokesman

Sabah last month put Kuwait's oil

production at its OPEC quota of

1.037 million b/d. Kuwait also

owns refineries in the Nether-

lands and Denmark in addition to

around 5,000 European petrol

The Mina Abdullah refinery

produces almost no fuel oil, a

anti-inflation programme.

Some \$700 million in capital

returned to Mexico in January, even after the government insti-

half of 1988, the centre said. The

economy grew by 0.5 per cent in

the central bank announced

Oil Minister Ali Al Khalifa Al

then U.S. treasnry secretary mixed results. Schemes to cut the burden were useful but insufficient without new lending.

The U.S. administration is due to release to Congress the results of a review of its debt strategy next week, while officials from major industrial countries have been examining the role of the International Monetary Fund (IMF) and World Bank.

That second review bas taken on added importance following set for Paris in July.

debt, based on a 1985 plan by well-publicised differences between the World Bank and IMF James Baker, bad achieved in bow they see their role in managing the debt crisis.

European monetary sources said the Group of Seven nations wanted to set out guidelines for a new strategy at the IMF's spring meeting at the end of March, but it was unclear now if the review by their deputies would be ready by then.

But political pressure is building for discussion by leaders of the seven nations at their summit

### **Credit Suisse launches** campaign for 'reputation'

ZURICH (R) - A Swiss bank whose reputation has been damaged by a prosecutor's report naming it as a place where drug profits were allegedly laundered defended its name in full-page newspaper advertisements Tuesday

Credit Suisse, Switzerland's third-largest commercial bank, paid between 5,000 and 10,000 Swiss francs (\$3,165 and \$6,330) for each advertisement in 35 Swiss newspapers, a bank spokesman said.

"This was another effort to restore our reputation," be said. The laundering scandal centres on two Lebanese brothers, Jean and Barkev Magharian, now in investigative custody. The public prosecutor in Bellinzooa bas said they channelled more than two billion Swiss francs (\$1.25 bil-

lion), at least part of which came from drugs sales, into Swiss banks and trading bouses between 1985 and 1988.

They deposited about 1.4 billion francs (\$886 million) at Credit Suisse, he said. No charges bave been filed in the case to

The advertisements say Credit Suisse checked the background of the brothers before deciding to trade banknotes and precious metals with them.

They say Barkey Magharian told Credit Susse the money came from tourism in the Middle East and Turkey and from funds which foreign workers in Switzerland sent bome to Turkey.

The bank said in the advertisements it was satisfied that it acted properly and that its interoal con-

"dumping," or the selling of pro-ducts in the United States at

The unfair trading cases may never actually be filed with the

U.S. International Trade Com-

mission, an independent agency

with authority to order tariffs or

other import relief for injured

are compiling the cases anyway so

the United States can use the

information as leverage in nego-

Trade , cases are "an alterna-

tive, an expensive undesirable

alternative," Robert Boni, chief

executive officer of Armco Inc.,

are reluctant to publicly discuss

the specifics of such cases. Boni said Armco, of Parsippany, New

Jersey, bas spent \$2 million re-

cently just on lawyers who are

compiling them.

He said larger companies were

Under the five-year trade

pacts, imports bave been reduced

from 26.4 per cent of the American market in 1984, to about 20.5

per cent last year. Meanwhile,

employment and profits were up

they continue to need the protec-

tion of import curbs, some other

American manufacturers contend

the restraints have created steel

shortages in the United States

While U.S. steel companies say

probably spending more.

last year over 1988.

and driven up prices.

siad in a recent interview. While steel industry officials

But the American companies

below fari-market value.

domestic industries.

### U.S. steel firms prepare to fight foreign rivals

WASHINGTON (AP) — Major detailing allegations of foreign government shelders and steel ing millions of dollars to try to support allegations of unfair trading practices by leading steel-

exporting nations. It's all part of a campaign by the U.S. steel industry to win an extension of a series of pacts that set product-by-product limits on the Amok T of foreign steel that can be shipped into the United

The pacts were negotiated by the administration of president Ronald Reagan with Japan, South Korea, Brazil and other nations in 1984 in response to complaints by U.S. companies that they could not compete with a flood of subsidised, foreign

The agreements expire Sept. 30, and USX Corp., Bethlehem Steel Corp. and other leading steelmakers want to be certain they are renewed. The administration of President George Busb has pledged its support for the pacts, although no specifics bave been offered on whether they would be continued exactly in

their present form. Wild cards in the deal are the nations themselves. They are under no obligation to restrict their imports again, as they did voluntarily five years ago.

In order to pressure these trading partners, American companies have been paying millions of dollars to lawyers to compile so-called "unfair trading cases" against the countries, according to USX and Bethlebem execu-

In the cases, the lawyers are

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### **ECONOMIC NEWS BRIEFS**

#### Arab funds pledge to help Sudan

KUWAIT (R) - Sudan's finance minister said Monday that seven Arab aid funds meeting in Kuwait have pledged their commitment to the development of Sudan. Omar Nour Al Dayem told a news conference in Kuwait Sudan bad no immediate plans to join either of two emerging Arab blocs, Libyan leader Muammar Qadhafi has proposed that Sudan and three non-Arab African states should join one of the two blocs - an Arab Maghreb union comprising Morocco, Libya, Tunisia, Algeria and Mauritania. Nour Al Dayem said his talks with the seven funds covered new relief aid needed to rebuild areas devastated by floods last year and the repayment of arrears from earlier loans. The funds bave extended loans totalling \$1.7 billion to Sudan, burdened by a total foreign debt of some \$13 billion that it has not fully serviced since the early 1980s. Nour Al Dayem said he hoped for good relations with Western creditors, but indicated that Sudan did not want them to attach what be called political conditions to new aid.

#### Belgian Hansenne to head ILO

GENEVA (AP) — The International Labour Organisation (ILO) Monday elected Michel Hansenne, Belgium's minister of civil service, as its new director-general for a five-year term. Hansenne, due to take office Feb. 27, replaces Francis Blanchard of France, who has beaded the U.N. agency for three terms since 1974. Hansenne, a 48-year-old lawyer, received a required majority of 38 votes in the second round of secret voting by the ILO's 56-member executive governing body, an official announcement said. The only other candidate, former Tunisian labour minister Mohammad Ennaceur, polled 24 votes on the inconclusive first ballot, where Hansenne got 28. Ennaceur received no support in the second round, where 17 blank ballots and one void vote were cast. Hansenne was appointed Belgian civil service minister last May after 6½ years as minister of labour and employment. He was minister for French culture in 1979-81 and has been a member of parliament since 1974. The ILO, originally founded in 1919, is the oldest U.N. agency. Grouping union, government and management representatives, it sets labour standards worldwide.

#### Kuwait to pay \$28m in compensation

KUWAIT (AP) - The government of Kuwait will pay Saudi Arabia eight million Kuwaiti dinars (\$28 million) in compensation for Saudi nationals who own property in the Kuwaiti portion of a divided zone between the two countries, an official decree said Monday. The decree was published Monday in the Official Gazette, thus making it binding. The agreement was initially concluded Nov. 7 during a visit to Saudi Arabia by Kuwait's Crown Prince and Prime Minister Saad Al Abdullah Al Sabah. The compensation is part of a final settlement of issues that remained pending after the two countries agreed in 1965 to split between them what was then known as the "Neutral Zone." Under the provisions of the decree, the government of Kuwait also will compensate for the property its own citizens lost when Saudi Arabia claimed its portion of the Neutral Zone. The Neutral Zone is an oil-rich area being exploited on behalf of the two countries by a Japanese company through the Arabian Oil Company and by Getty Oil of the United States.

#### U.K. loses £670m from oil accidents

LONDON (R) — Accidents in North Sea oil fields bave cost Britain £670 million (\$1.2 billion) in lost revenues since last summer, Energy Minister Peter Morrison said Monday. "Up to the end of January production of some 9.5 million tonnes, worth some £670 million at today's prices, bas been deferred as a result of the recent accidents," be said. The biggest accident was the fire at the Piper Alpha rig last July that killed 167 people. "It is too early to say when all this production will be resumed and bence to estimate the final cost," Morrison told parliament.

### **AMMAN EXCHANGE RATES**

Tuesday, Feb. 14, 1989

**₹** ±

	Centra	н рапк	Official Lates		
	Buy	Seet			
.S. dollar	538.0	542.0	Japanese yen (for 100)	422.8	427.4
ound Sterling	945.1	954.8	Dutch guilder	255.8	258.2
eutschemark	288.7	291.6	Swedish crown	85.0	85.8
wiss franc	339.9	343.3	Italian lira (for 100)	39.6	40.0
reach franc	84.9	85.7	Belgian franc (for 10)	137.8	139.1

### **LONDON EXCHANGE RATES**

LONDON (R) - Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midday on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Tuesday.

One Sterling One U.S. dollar 1.7580/90 1.1845/55 U.S. dollar Canadian dollar 1.8623/30 Dentschemarks 2.1015/25 Dutch guilders 1.5815/25 Swiss francs 38.98/39.02 Belgian francs 6.3325/75 French francs 1356/1357 Ittalian lire 127.40/50 Japanese yen 6.3275/3325 Swedish crowns 6.7325/75 Norwegian crowns Danish crowns One ounce of gold 385.40/385.80 U.S. dollars

### **WORLD STOCK MARKETS**

SYDNEY — The market closed higher in tentative trading, recovering lost ground after Monday's 30-point slide. The All Ordinaries index rose 8.5 to 1,487.0.

TOKYO — Share prices fluctuated in narrow trade to end slightly lower on concern over the drop in popularity of the ruling Liberal Democratic Party. The Nikkei index fell 2.43 to close at

HONG KONG — The market closed sharply lower on consolidation, with the Hang Seng index falling below the psychologically important 3,100 level. The index fell 53.76 to 3,099.97. SINGAPORE — Share prices fell sharply for the second consecutive trading day, pushing the Straits Times industrial index 19.53 points lower to 1,120.17.

BOMBAY — Prices staged a recovery after a week-long slide, on active institutional and speculative buying. Aluminium and

cement stocks were much in demand on rumours that the government could allow an increase in controlled prices. FRANKFURT - Sbares ended mixed after a day of scant trading, with investors worried that the Bundesbank would raise interest rates at its central council meeting on Thursday. The DAX index

fell 2.3 to 1,331,47. ZURICH — Prices closed steady to higher in fairly active trading. Sbares made up initial losses on selective buying at the lower.

PARIS - Prices turned lower by mid-session, with some selling prompted by growing sentiment that key world interest rates would turn higher this week.

LONDON — Shares climbed to new highs for the day as Wall. Street shrugged off stronger than expected U.S. retail sales growth figures for January. At 1502 GMT the FISE 100 was up.

NEW YORK — Wall Street stocks gained in morning trading, with blue chip Union Carbide strong on news of a smaller than expected Bhopal settlement. The Dow was up 16 at 2,298.



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RIO DE JANEIRO (AP) - Bahia and International will meet in the finals of the national soccer championship and will also represent Brazil in the continent-wide liberators of America Cup tournament. The teams qualified for the finals with come-frombehind victories in their semifinal series Sunday. In Salvador, Bahia upset Fluminense of Rio 2-1, while Internacional downed archrival Gremin 2-1 in Porto Alegre. Bahia and Inter meet Wednesday in Salvador for the opening match of the bome-andaway final series. The second game is set for Sunday in Portn Alegre. Bahia is the surprise finalist of the tournament, which started in September with 24 clubs. The club has not reached a national final since 1959 when it won the Brazil cup, the equivalent of the national title.

#### Zivojinovic downs Doumbia

MILAN (AP) - Slobodan Zivnjinovic of Yugoslavia defeated Senegal's Yahiya Daumbia Monday in the first round of the \$492,500 Stella Artois indnor tennis championships. In the absence of the main attractions, top seed Boris Becker and No. 3 John McEnroe, Zivojinovic was the highest-ranked player in daytime action at the opening of the Nahisco Grand Prix tournament. The bard-hitting Yugoslav, who reached the final four at Wimhledon three years ago and is now ranked 35th in the world, had to fight for almost two hours to down Doumhia 3-6,

#### East German selection blasts Egyptians, 4-0.

CAIRO (AP) - East Germany's Ulf Kirsten and Andreas Thom scored all four goals Munday as the Germans handed Egypt its worst soccer loss in three years, 4-0, in an international friendly. In February 1986 an Egyptian national selection lost by an identical 4-0 score to England. Except for a brief period of Egyptian control in the opening minutes, East Germany controlled Monday's game throughout. The home defence was particularly lacking, drawing boos from an estimated 20,000 home fans. Kirsten, the East German midfielder, opened the scoring in the fourth minute with a header off a pass from centre-forward Thom. Kirsten put it bome to the right of Egyptian goalkeeper Ahmed Shobeir. Thom made the score 2-0 at halftime with a goal in the

#### Cantona moves to Bordeaux

PARIS (R) - Moody French soccer star Eric Cantona, suspended from both the national squad and first division Marseille for temper tantrums, has been transferred to Bordeaux, the two clubs said Tuesday. "We needed a great player and he is one, a little difficult it's true, a bit special, but we're difficult and special too," Bordeaux president Claude Bez said.

#### GOREN BRIDGE

BY CHARLES GOREN

UNHAND THAT LADY!

Both vulnerable. North deals. NORTH 0 6 5 WEST - SOUTH - - SOUT

OAJ2 The bidding: North Pass Pass 3 NT Pass

Opening lead: Five of ♥ We first came across this theme some 35 years ago in a par contest. We were impressed by it then, and still think it would fool most

experts.

The bidding was unremarkable. South could not afford to probe for a spade fit with three spades be-cause, should partner be forced to repid four clubs, the most likely

game of three no trump would have

THE BETTER HALF,

gone by the boards.

West made a normal fourth-best lead and declarer saw that it was imperative to win the trick. Since he needed to set up dummy's clubs to make his contract, he led that suit at trick two. The queen appeared from West. A delighted declarer won with the king, only to find he had lost his

this trick. Since declarer needed only six club tricks to make his contract, be could have protected against a 4-0 break by allowing West to win the uncen. However, give full marks to West for a brilliant falsecard.

contract when East showed out on

An almost equally intriguing po-sinon arises if West follows with any other card to the first club lead. Again, declarer should play low from dummy—he cannot even af-ford the finesse. If East follows to the clab, the suit can be run since the break is no worse than 3-1 and the ace-king will draw the outstanding chibs. And if East shows out, when declarer gets back to hand he can take the marked finesse for West's queen (now you see why it's wrong to finesse the jack on the first lead of the suit) and still take six tricks in

By Harris

HARRIS 2-14



### In Jesse Owens' shadow

NEW YORK (R) — Matt Biondi, history last year hy completing Florence Griffith Joyner and the Grand Slam. The West Geraward's executive director

announced Monday.

Biondi, star of the 1988 U.S. Olympic swimming team, won seven medals in as many races in Seoul. He garnered five gnlds, one silver and one branze and set a world record in the 50 merres

freestyle event. Griffith Joyner, another U.S. Olympic star, won recognition as the fastest woman in the world after taking the gold medal in both the 100 and 200 metres in Senul. She set world records at both distances last year and also won a gold and a silver in Olympic relay events.

Graf, the number one woman player in the world, made tennis

Steffi Graf are in contention for man then added an Olympic gold the 1989 Jesse Owens interna- medal to her U.S., French and tional trophy award, the sports Australian Open and Wimbledon singles ntles.

The Jesse Owens award, named after the 1936 quadruple Olympic champion, was founded in 1980 hy executive director Herbert Douglas, the 1948 Olympic long jump bronze medallist.

The winner, chosen by an international panel, is given annually to "the amateur athlete whn best personifies excellence in athletic performance and promotes sincere cooperation and understanding among peoples of all nations."

The winner will be hanoured on Fehruary 21. Last year's recipient was Canadian sprinter Ben Johnson.

FORECAST FOR WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1989

### YOUR HOROSCOPE

- As Charted By The Carroll Righter Astrological Foundation companionship it affords. Stress can be controlled with frequent rest breaks.

GENERAL TENDENCIES, It mey be difficult to understand others and act harmoniously with them. There is a tendency to be ar-rogent and to make moves that in-LJBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22)
Romance will have you running out
of breath unless you proceed at a ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19)
Humility will help you to get along
with others. Concern yourself with
your own affairs. Put your own per-. B allaus. slower pace. Be a good friend to someone in need. SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21)

sonsi matters in order.
TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Enjoy solitude when you are not feeling acciable. Avoid signing on the dotted line today. Business

cycles may be alow GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) Be thankful for a favor received. Be natural, outgoing, but tactful, to

please others. Superiors give con-sideration to your ideas. MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to Jul 21 Demonstrate your talents rather than your emotions. You can

rather than your emotions. You can master any work put before you if you eliminate doubtful moods.

LEO (Jul. 22 to Aog. 21) Your charm will produce rewards that are now forming at the workplace. Caution: Praise can produce lazy behavior. Stay fired-up.

VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Focus on frome life and the solid

Your personality may be changing daily and has you puzzled. Keep powerful drives for independence within boundaries.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19)

THE Daily Crossword by C.F. Murray

Keep hands off the one you want to

romance, if that person belongs to someone else. Avoid coffee break

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec

21) Lifs feels easier and free. The financial situation is complex and changing, but manageable. Plan a cultural event with a sweetheart. CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20)

AQUARIUS (Jan. 2) to Feb. 18)
You may be entertaining thoughts of moving or changing environments. A drastic change needs forethought and a workable plan.
PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) You are glowing with energy. Friendships are changing as some old friends are moving out of your circle and new friends are entering.

### Limassol ban to last until end '89

NICOSIA (R) - Cyprus expects an international match ban at Limassol stadium imposed by world soccer's governing body to last until the end of the year. an island football official said Tuesday.

The ban by the International Football Federation (FIFA) followed rinting by local fans at last week's Cyprus-Scotland Warld Cup qualifier which the Scots

Cyprus expected a fine and possibly a ban an international matches at Limassol's Tsirion stadium until the end of the year, the Cyprus Football Association official told Reuters. "It is not an indefinite ban. It is

nnly until FIFA's inquiry into the incidents... last week is completed," he said.

A FIFA statement Monday said the ban was indefinite. The official said FIFA had asked for the association to prepare a report by February 20 on the match violence in which East German referee Siegfried Kirschen was pelted with missiles, including water-filled plastic bottles, as the match ended.

Kirschen had extended play hy six minutes because of time-wasting hy the Cypriots. During this period of extra play Scotland scored their winning goal.
"FIFA has alleged that Cyprus

wasted time either because we did not have enough ballboys on duty or that they were not prop-erly instructed," the official said. Directur of the association

Andreas Stylianou told Reuters that there were 12 ballboys present at the match.

## Tomba downed at Vail

VAIL, Colorado (AP) — The deavours. wurld's best skiers began leaving Obscry this posh Rocky mnuntain resort Monday, some with considerably they plunge into the final leg of the World Cup season.

The 1989 World Alpine ski champinnships made instant stars of Austrians Rudolf Nierlich and Ulrike Maier, West Germany's Hansjoerg Tauscher and Switzerland's Martin Hangl, while affirming the status of Vreni Schneider, Marc Girardelli, Pirmin Zurbriggen and Tamara McKinney.
Italy's Alberto Tomba was the

big Inser. After nine victories and two Olympic gold medals a year ago, "La Bomba" exploded in the faces of his fans and coaches, failing to win a world champinnship medal in a performance that mirrored a so-far disappointing World Cup season that has seen him win but one race.

Moments after Tomha fell face-first in the first run of Sunday's final event - the men's slalom - the Italian head coach, Josef Messner, toppled with him. Messner announced his resignation under fire. Italy failed to win a world

championship medal for the first time since 1970, and an embarrassed Carlo Valentino, president of the Italian Ski Federation, promised some changes. "The team must be rehuilt,"

Valentino said. "Tomba must be rehuilt like the rest of the team. He must mature and learn to defend himself against distractions. The federation will keep him under control."

Tomba began the season overweight and out of shape, his off-season interrupted by too many parties and commercial en-

Observed West Germany's Armin Bittner, "Maybe Tomba took it too easy. He was not more momentum than others as aware of how much training the other skiers were doing. He had a great season last year, but he stayed at the same level over the summer while the other skiers improved. What happened to bim is understandable."

Tomba, 22, has complained of diminished concentration and lack of luck this season. Already facing criticism at home from the media and his fans, he knows be must rebound in the remaining world cup races. Otherwise, as one Italian writer predicted, "they will kill bim in the press."

"After my disappointments here, the only thing left for me to do is to concentrate on the Wnrld Cup events that are left," Tomba

The men have three race Aspen this weekend and races in Canada the follow week, before the season culr ates in Japan in March. women have two downhills Canada's Lake Louise weekened, two subsequent race steamboat springs and the Ja finale.

ceived high ratings for their s ing of the championships, w saw Switzerland claim 11 1 medals to Austria's six bul l countries lie with three gold n als apiece. Nierlich, an emer 22-year-old gate skier, was only double gold-medalist. ring the giant slalom and slal

Vail and Beaver Creek

"The whole organisation absolutely fabulous," said So Lang, one of the founders of World Cup.

On Oct. 6, 1987, McKin

### Skier plans Everest run

LEXINGTON, Kentucky (AP) On Oct. 6, 1987, McKin

— An American skier who bewas competing in the World ( came the first person to hang speed skiing championships glide off Mount Everest said he Chile when a helicopter in wh might try a ski trip down the be and two other skiers w world's highest mountain if he riding crashed and rolled of could get the right financial incentive.

"I haven't made up my mind on the thing yet," Steve McKinney said in an interview last week from Vail, Colorado. "I don't know if I'm up for more misery or not. I may have had my quota.

McKinney, who set five world speed skiing records hetween 1974 and 1983, performed his hang-gliding feat in 1986.

Later he made plans for a ski run down the 29,028-foot (8,847metre) mountain. But it never happened.

taken us three days. We're very

tired. They (the players) like

Saudi Arabia very much. There

The teams from the Soviet Un-

The Culumbian and Soviet

teams stayed in Dammam, where

they are pitted against each

ntber, along with Syria and Costa

are very good sports facilities."

ion, Mali, Nigeria, Portugal, Bra-zil and Spain also arrived late

McKinney was hurled thro the bubble of the helicopter, suffered facial cuts requiring sutches, multiple fractures of

right arm and a crushed ri

No one has ever skied Mo Everest from the summit.

"But I'm convinced it can done," McKinney told the Lington Herald-leader. "Yo have to be roped up and sk properly - short, control turns. It's not a place to go to

rounds will be played: Jeddah

the Red Sea, or the capi

Riyadh, or the mountainous

sort city of Taif on the weste

The final is scheduled

The Americans, in group

will be playing against stro

contenders Brazil and East G

many and also meet Mali in t

matches starting in Jeddah Fric

The tournament in which

articipants are invulved, play

in four groups on a knocke basis, starting Thursday... Nig ia, Portugal, Czechoslovakia a

side of the kingdom.

Riyadh March 3.

## U.S. hopes high in youth soccer

DAMMAM, Saudi Arabia (AP) - The bead of the 43-member American squad sent to the Fifth World Youth Soccer Cup says it does not have much bope of winning the event, but believes the exposure will give the game a boost back bome.

American Walter Bahr said the American players in the tournament, all under 21 years old, bad "very little exposure to world soccer," but said be huped they would reach the semi-finals in the 16-team tournament that starts Thursday.

"Brazil, and Mali and East Germany — they'll all be tough games and I'm not just saying that," he said when the team arrived in this eastern Saudi city late Sunday. "We'll be very very happy if we can advance in the next round."

The official stated that the young Americans were excited to have won a place in the championship and that the participation would "give the game of soccer good exposure back hame in the States." Bahr said to one in the group

had been to Saudi Arabia before. "It's been calightening. It's been nutstanding so far. The reception, the hospitality has all been first class," he said. He said that he was talking to

some Saudi students in the Un-

ited States told him before coming that in the kingdom and asked them what he should bring bere. They said "Nothing - the Saudis will have more to give you than you can possibly give them. Well, we've found that to be the

Some of the teams arrived a bit bedraggled from the long haul to the Middle East.

Arturo Butarmante, manager nf the Columbian team tald re-porters in Dammam: "Our team

The others sped off tn one of came 10 Saudi Arabia through
New York, then Amsterdam. It's three other cities where the initial

Rica in group B.

### The wonder-stadium

RIYADH (R) - A 70,000-seat ception rooms with closed circu forms the centrepiece to the The stadium also boasts its own world youth soccer championship large reservoir for watering the beginning Thursday.

class botel.

domed stadium, described by televisinn, the latest electronic FIFA General Secretary Sepp security monitoring devices, su-Blatter as 'the most sumptunus perbly-equipped gymnasiums and sports centre of modern times," an excellent restaurant.

eginning Thursday. pitch in case the underground The magnificent King Fahd In-irrigation system dries up, and a ternational Stadium was finished fully-equipped operating theatre-less than a year ago at a cost of With media facilities also first

568 million and is equipped with rate, no expense appears to have all the luxurious extras of a top- been spared hy oil-rich Saudi Arabia to make the tournament a Facilides include elegant re- success.

Saudi Arabia play in group A Riyadh and Argentina, Norwi Iraq and Spain, group D in Thugo Salcedel, the Internation al Soccer Federation official fre the United States, said the Am

ican team was getting better, the time, but that it had start playing world class football n ast year. The U.S. team will present t Saudi football federation with special clock from the U.S. S

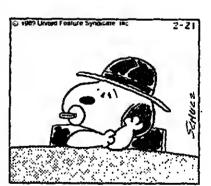
cer Federation. The cnach for the Americateam is Boh Gansler, on his l

assignment before going on to new job as national coach for t U.S. team preparing for the 19 World Cup in Italy. He said "1 practice facility is fine and spir are good."

### **Peanuts**



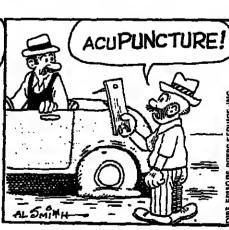




### Mutt'n' Jeff







### **Andy Capp**



## "I hate it when you answer before I ask!" JUMBILE THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME by Henri Arrold and Bah'les Unacramble these tour Jumbles, one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words. I took it off the **INFIS** LASIA

**TANNIF** WHAT MANY AN MATEUR GARDENER GETS FOR HIS PAINS. YERSIM Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon. Print answer here: (Answers tomorrow

> Jumbles: MOGUL JULEP BRIDGE COMMON Answer: If a pedestrian is prone to be careless he might end up this way—PRONE



53 Coarse meal 61 To and

### **Winnie Mandela** scandal deepens

, OHANNESBURG (AP) - the first night. They say Stompie hree black men have signed atements saying Winnie Manden the night they were abducted nd heaten by some of ber unoffiial bodyguards, according to a rominent anti-apartheid

Geoff Budlender of the legal t 'esources centre said Monday his shree clients, who are considering Gossible legal action, gave him heir statements about what bapbened, but have not authorised him to release details.

The men, aged 20 to 29, were leleased from Mandela's home lifter intervention by community readers. But a fourth abductee, 4-year-old Stompie Moeketsi Beipei, is missing and feared

E Budlender said his clients "say they were abducted - three of <sup>3</sup>hem and Stompie — and they -were all assaulted on the first

was removed from them a day or two afterward and they never saw him again.

Mandela, wife of imprisoned African National Congress (ANC) leader Nelsoo Mandela. bas denied that she was at her temporary home when the bodyguards, known as the Mandela united soccer team, brought the four there late last month. But she has also defended the bodyguards, saying they took the four from a Methodist courch residence to protect them from sexual abuse, a charge the courcb said it bas investigated and found

The Weekly Mail, an anti-apartheid newspaper, broke the story two weeks ago, detailing the accusations that the released men made at a community meeting. Community leaders appealed for the return of Stompie, who was reported to bave been more sev-( hight. They say she (Mrs. Mande-a) was involved in the events on Mandela said she did not know



Winnie Mandela

what had happened to the 14year-old, and made a public appeal for him to come forward. The boy's mother says she be-

lieves he is dead. The Weekly Mail reported last Friday that "comrades" in Soweto bad found Stompie's body in the township, but it has not been produced, and police say they bave no information about it.

Police Major-General J.D. Joubert, who has been assigned to investigate all aspects of the case, appealed Monday to the "comrades" to come forward and provide evidence they had found the body or to publicly deny the

> during a whirlwind tnur of 15 NATO countries. Baker, who arrived in Ankara from West Germany, was also due to visit Italy Tuesday.
>
> \* U.S. diplomats said Baker's

maz told reporters.

reference to Greece, a North

Atlantic Treaty Organisation (NATO) ally with which Turkey

bas been at odds over Cyprus and

Yilmaz said his talks with Bak-

er, who also met Prime Minister

Turgut Ozal during a two-and-a-

half hour visit, briefly covered bilateral and NATO issues.

discussions today... I look for-

ward to establishing close working relationship with the minis-

ter." Baker said in a brief state-

ment. He later left for Greece

NICOSIA (Agencies) -- Iran's

spiritnal leader Ayatnllab

Rahollah Khomeini Tuesday

sanctioned the killing of Indian-

born British author Salman

Rushdie for blasphemy in his

"I inform the proud Muslim

book "The Satanic Verses."

people of the world that the

author of the 'Satanic Verses'

book which is against Islam,

the Prophet and the Koran,

and all those involved in its

publication who were aware of

its content, are sentenced to

death," Khomeini said in a

message broadcast by Tehran

"We have had very interesting

Aegean Sea rights for years.

"We are gratified to see that talks were friendly and correct both sides bave the will to further but gave no details of the main substance of talks. enhance relations in all fields and

ANKARA (R) — Turkish Foreign Minister Mesut

Yilmaz said after talks with U.S. Secretary of State

James Baker Tuesday that Ankara and Washington

had the will to further enhance ties in all fields.

Whirlwind NATO tour takes Baker to Greece

They will talk about everynot to mortgage them to the thing," a Turkisb Foreign Minisinterest of any third party," Yiltry source said before the meetings. "But time is very limited Diplomats saw bis comment on and it will mainly be a get-ac-"third party" as an indirect quainted exercise.

Turkey, with the largest armed forces in NATO after the United States, objected to the Reagan administration limiting military aid to Ankara in a 10-to-seven ratio compared with Greece, citing its crucial position in the alliance.

Diplomats said before Baker's visit the aid issue, a NATO stance for East-West negotiations in Vienna next month and mod-ernisation of Turkish forces on the alliance's southeastern flank would be probable topics.

Turkey, which guards one-third of NATO's border with Warsaw Pact countries, differs with its allies on a joint stance for the conventional stability talks in

Aokara objects to NATO being split into a main central zone for the talks, with Norway in a northern zone and Turkey and Greece in a southern zone.

Iran, Iraq, Syria and Bulgaria, wants either one indivisible zooe or a split along lines of NATO's military command structure, diplomats said.

There is still time to sort this out," one diplomat said shortly before Baker arrived in Ankara. Turkey bas also been upset by recognise Armenian claims of genocide in then Ottoman Turkey in 1915

Turkey denies the claims. which have caused friction between Ankara and some of its allies in the past.

#### Genscher's warning

West-German Foreign Minister Hans-Dietrich Genseber warned NATO allies Tuesday against making the dispute over modemisation of short-range nuclear missiles a test of Bonn's commitment to the Western alliance.

Genscher, speaking after U.S.-West German talks failed to settle differences over Chancellor Helmut Kohl's demand to delay

Turkey, U.S. to enhance ties the modernisation of NATO's Lance missiles, said the West must now wrest the arms control

initiative from Moscow. (Modernisation) is not the Turkey, which also borders key to Western security," he said in a radio interview. He said achieving a balance in Warsaw Pact and NATO convectional

forces was the vital issue. Speaking about the modernisation row, Genscher said: "It is important from a political point of view that the attitude to a specific question is not made into moves in the U.S. Congress to a test of the reliability of one or more countries in the alliance."

By echoing recent statements made by Kobl. Genscher showed new unity on defence policy in Bono's centre-right coalition. forged under pressure from the United States and Britain.

London and Washington are urging West Germany to make a commitment this year to update the Lance short-range nuclear missiles, mostly based in West Germany.

In talks here Sunday and Monday with U.S. Secretary of State James Baker, Genscher and Kohl said they stood by a NATO decision taken at an alliance summit in March last year to modernise the Lance missiles "where neces-

prostitutes were executed for

their immorality in his book.

**Bhutto** reaction

Muslim family in Bombay.

Rushdie was born into a

#### Police play with videos

BRUSSELS (AP) - Belgian state police will soon be taking target practice at moving video images. Officials said Thursday the police corps will huy computerised video equipment that will allow officers to practice shooting live ammunition at moviog pictures projected on a large screen of paper or light cloth. Once hit, the images will freeze to show the accuracy of the aim. "We are very progressive in this," said a police official who added that the first of eight video machines to be used by the state police should be installed by March. He said he did not know the cost of the equipment, which was developed by the Browning company, part of the Belgian arms producer Fabrique Nationale Herstal SA.

#### Bring Elivs, win a million

LONDON (R) - A British tabloid newspaper Tuesday offered £1 million (\$1.75 million) to anyone who brought rock singer Elvis Presley into its offices alive. The Sun said it would check to see if the contender really was the king of the rock — who was certified dead in 1977 — by checking his dental records and finger prints. To claim the reward the man would also bave to sing tbree of Elvis's greatest hits -Blue Suede Shoes, All Shook Up and Hound Dog. Elvis. who would now be 53, has refused to die, at least in the imagination of fans who bave reported sightings across the United States at frequent intervals since his death.

#### Dog interfering in Bushs' life

WASHINGTON (R) - After nearly a month in the White House, first lady Barbara Bush joked Monday that the president is complaining their dog is coming between them. Mrs. Bush said their pet dog Millie crawls into their White House bed and sleeps between George and her. She acknowledged in an interview with Reuters and several reporters that Bush complaints the dog literally comes between them, as it did in the vice presidential mansion. 'Right up there (on the bed)," she said about the pregnant English spaniel who never leaves Mrs. Busb's side. "Right in the middle." In a free-wheeling interview, the outspoken, 63-year-old lady, who wears fake pearls, no colouring in ber gray hair and is not embarrassed by her wrinkles, said she planned to leave running the government to her husband. "I don't fool around with the government." she said. "I'm leaving that to George."

### Man saved from

suicide kills three

MANILA (R) — A man angry at being saved from a suicide attempt backed to death three neighbours in the central Philippines before residents stabbed him to death, the Philippine news agency said Tuesday. It said Gerardo Gregorio, Junior who had tried to kill himself by drinking insecticide, stalked out of a bospital in Aklan province last weekend after pulling out a de-xtrose tube inserted in bis arm. When be got home, be killed three neighbours with a machete, and wounded three others. Angry residents stopped his murderous rampage by backing bim to

### New Orleans jazz

NEW ORLEANS (AP) - The New Orleans jazz and heritage festival will celebrate its 20th anniversary this spring with a new. riverfront concert site and a lineup including Santana, Miles Davis, Al Green and Wynton. Marsalis. Evening concerts traditionally have been held on the riverboat president, but the president's home base was moved to St. Louis last summer. The new. river tent will be built on the banks of the Mississippi River and will seat about 3,000 people, festival producer Quint Davis said Sunday.

#### Soviet ballet to make London debut

LONDON (AP) - Two Soviet theatre companies will make their British debuts late in February under the auspices of Vanessa Redgrave Enterprises Limited, 4 production company named for the award-winning actress. The Vakhtangov Theatre Company will perform Mikhail Sharow The Peace of Brest Li Feb. 15-18 and Shalom; a formed Moscow-Jewish Company, will perform to the Khyte's "The Train to have ness." Feb. 21-March 4

### Wiolence claims 24 on eve of Sri Lankan poll

InCOLOMBO (R) — Twenty-four depende were killed on the eve of Sri Lanka's first general election isfor 12 years and political parties appealed jointly for peaceful

proting.
Police said 19 supporters of divarious political parties were gunsmed down during the past 24 phours in southern areas by susopected members of the leftwing siPeople's Liberation Front. Indian sources said five Tamil

kseparatist guerrillas opposed to #: Wednesday's election were killed trin clashes with Indian troops in in the northern district of Jaffna. Pulice said 25 buses were set on

Hire in the south in separate - incidents Monday and Tuesday in e protest against the election. The passengers had been forced off the buses and there were no

Carbide

ordered

to pay

\$470m

NEW DELHI (R) - India's

supreme court ordered the Un-

ion Carbide Corporation of the

United States to pay \$470 mil-

tion for the Bhopal gas tragedy. Chief Justice R.S. Pathak

said Tuesday the compensation

was a "just, fair, equitable and

reasonable sum" for victims of

the 1984 tragedy which killed

more than 3,300 people in the

The figure was immediately

accepted by lawyers for the

Indian government and received

a nod of assent from Union

Carhide executives In the court.

nver the disaster and criminal

proceedings against former Un-

inn Carbide chlef executive

Warren Anderson and other

company officials be quashed.

More than 3,300 people were

killed, or have since died from

their injuries, after taxic gas

spewed from a Union Carbide

pesticide plant at Bhupal Dec.

Gopal Subramanium, a

chief attorney for India in its

suit, said the payment would

constitute "full and final settle-

A company spokesman, Earl

S. Lack, told the AP by tele-

phone from his New York hame that Union Carhide bad

tudia had sought \$3 billion in

damages in a civil suit that bad

bogged down in legal man-

oeuvrings in a series of Indian

Both Subramanium, who

spoke to a reporter outside the

supreme court chambers, and

Lack said Union Carbide is to

pay all \$470 million by March

Lack said the court's order

was based on its review of all

pleadings in India and the U.S.,

applicable law and facts, and

the enormity of human suffer-

ing that requires substantial

The United News of India

news agency said the order was

banded down by a panel of

It quoted Pathak as saying

the case had gone on long

enough and it was time to reach

a settlement. It said Patbak had

proposed \$470 million as com-

pensating and both sides

According to India, at least

3,329 people died after inhaling

methyl isocyanate gas that

leaked put of the pesticide plant

operated by a Union Carbide

subsidiary and drifted over the

sleeping city of Bbopal.

agreed.

judges beaded by Pathak.

and immediate aid."

ment of all claims."

accepted the judgment.

3, 1984.

Pathak ordered all civil cases

central Indian city.

They said 13 candidates and about 350 political activists have been killed in the past four weeks in the bloodiest run-up to an election on the Indian Ocean

"Curfew on Monday and Tuesday. Don't vote in the fake election. Death to those who vote," said a poster pasted in Pettah, the bazaar area of Colombo.

It was signed by the People's Patriotic Movement, believed to be the military wing of the front. Shops in Pettab closed early Tuesday. Police later forced some

of them to reopen. Residents said similar posters appeared in the south, the stronghold of the front, and in northern areas where Liberation Tigers

WASHINGTON (AP) - For-

mer President Ronald Reagan

'participated personally and

directly" in giving favoured treat-ment to countries that supported

the contra rebels in Nicaragua,

lawyers for Oliver North say in

court papers released Monday.

The filing of the papers was

aimed at having charges against

North attorney Brendan Sulli-

van, opposing a compromise be-

tween the independent counsel

and the Justice Department, said

in the court papers that thar

proposed deal on keeping certain secrets out of the trial would

prevent him from introducing this

evidence which he said was cen-

He also criticised Attorney General Dick Thornburgh for de-

clining "to take the political

heat" and make a separate sec-

rets-protecting move that could

protect national secrets and lead

Sullivan said that at the heart

of the case there were third-

country arrangements with which the Reagan administration

obtained military support for the

contras. He said the policy was

"that those third-country

arrangements would not be dis-

closed outside a limited group of

men attacked an Argentine milit-

ary base for the third time in less

than a month Monday and the

country's top military officials

met to determine wbetber the

shont-out marks a resurgence of left-wing guerrilla violence.

said five to seven men attacked

an army arsenal in Rio Cuarto.

715 kilometres north west of

Buenos Aires shortly before

dawn. Troops repelled the attack,

exchanging heavy gunfire in

which one soldier was wounded.

The spokesman said the men

fled before they could be identi-

fied. An army spokesman said

Argentine Army Commander

Francisco Gassino met Defence

Minister Horacio Jaunarena

Monday night to discuss whether

the attack signified a resurgence

of the left-wing guerrilla violence

which shouk the country last

Fifty guerrillas stormed La Tablada army barracks on the

outskirts of Buenos Aires Jan. 23.

Police and soldiers backed by

tanks, artillery and armoured cars

quickly surrounded the barracks

and 28 guerrillas - later identi-

earlier they were presumably left-

wing guerrillas.

month.

A defence ministry spokesman

executive branch officials."

to charges being thrown out.

tral to North's defence.

North dropped.

North's lawyer

implicates Reagan

of Tamil Eclam guerrillas are fighting for an independent

bomeland. The front, blamed by the authorities for most of the violence. has described the election as a fake and threatened to kill candidates, votes and election officials.

The Tigers bave called the ballot "the mock general elections" and accused former Tamil militants contesting the elections of being traitors.

The nine political parties and an independent group contesting the election issued a joint appeal Tuesday to voters to "refrain from any acts of violence before, during and after the election." They also urged the people to

cast their votes disregarding any

threats and acts of intimidation.

the spending of U.S. funds in

support of the guerrilla war against the leftist government in

Former National Security

Adviser John Poindexter testified

at the congressional Iran-contra

hearings in 1987 that Reagan

favoured making up for that lack of official U.S. suppost with

money from other nations. But

the assertion that Reagan was

Sullivan's statements were in a

written response to U.S. district

Judge Gerhard A. Gesell, object-

ing to a new plan for protecting

national security secrets at

The plan, worked out by inde-

pendent prosecutor Lawrence

Walsh and the Justice Depart-

ment, "would gut the defence," Sullivan said. It would bide "cri-

tical information about the

Reagan administration's third-

country arrangement for military

support of the resistance and the

official nondisclosure of rhose

Sullivan said that the way rbe

government proposed to present

this information to the jury -

through a general "admission"

with no details allowed - would

leave out "that President Reagan

and top executive branch officials

bours of heavy fighting. Two weeks after the La Tabla-

da attack an unidentified group

fired on an air force base in the

Andean province of Mendoza

near the Chilean border. An offi-

cial communique issued at the

time said there were no arrests

and no one was injured in an hour

of shooting before the attackers

Guerrilla warfare died out in

Argentina in the late 1970s when

the 1976-83 military dictatorship

carried out its ruthless "dirty

war" on subversion in which

9,000 people disappeared, pre-

After the La Tablada incident

police swooped in on over 100

houses, mainly in the province of

Buenos Aires but found no firm

evidence to indicate a revived

guerrilla campaign was under-

Government officials said in

January there was evidence that

Enrique Gorriaran Merio, 47, a

former leader of the Trotskyist

People's Revolutionary Army

(ERP), played a key role in the

Gorriaran Merlo fled Argenti-

oa after the ERP was broken up

in 1978, re-emerging in Nicaragua

attack oo La Tablada.

fied as belonging to the ultra-left a year later where be fought

all for the Fatherland Movement alongside the Sandinistas

way, police sources said.

sumed killed.

to return the favours is new.

Nicaragua.

North's trial.

arrangements."

At the time, Congress had respectful participated personally and tricted and at times prohibited directly in those arrangements."

BUENOS AIRES (R) - Gun- and nine servicemen died in 30

**Argentina ponders** 

latest raid on army

"I ask all the Muslims to execute them wherever they find them," Khumeini was

quoted as saving. He said if the attackers were killed carrying out his order to execute Rushdie and his collaborators, they would be cons-

Six people protesting against the book have been killed in India and Pakistan since Sunday as Muslim anger mounted over what has been seen as insulting references to the

Khomeini wants Rushdie executed

Prophet Mohammad. Khomeini said: "If someone knows them (Rushdie and his collaborators) but is unable to kill them, be should hand them over to the people for punishment."

Prime Minister Mir-Hossein Mousavi announced a day of monrning in Iran Wednesday in protest against the book, Tehran Radio said.

Author Salman Rusbdie, scheduled to tour the United States next week to publicise his book, said Tuesday the blood of Muslims killed in demonstrations was on the hands of those

who inflamed the protesters.

Five people were killed out-side a U.S. cultural centre in Islamabad Sunday when police opened fire on demonstrators demanding the book be banned in the United States.

Another was killed Monday during a similar demonstration in Srinagar, India.
"The blood is on the hands of

the people who inflame feelings of people who unfortunately have not and cannor read the book because it is not available," Rushdie told ABC television's "Nightline" programme in the United States. Protesters bave singled out a

dream sequence in "Satanic Verses" in which prostitute's take the names of Prophet Mohammad's wives.

Rushdie said that passage contrasted prostitutes with the chaste and pure Prophet and his wives, adding that all the

Prime Minister Benazir Bbutto said Sunday's protest may have been staged by hardline opposition groups which she said were upposed to her government and democracy.

Bhutto said she did not see how the protest could have been against Rushdie's book because it was banned and unavailable in Pakistan and none of the protesters could have

At an airport news conference Monday, after returning from a state visit to China, the prime minister said: "Was the demonstration against Salman Rushdie's book nr. a law and order situation?"

### Belgian ex-premier freed

BRUSSELS (R) -- Former Belgian Prime Minister Paul van den Boeynants, lonking haggard and thin, was freed by kidnappers who beld him in the dark for 30 days and reunited with his family.

The 69-year-old millionaire. who was freed Monday night, made a victory sign from his window to journalists waiting outside his Brussels apartment

block Tuesday morning.
"His face is drawn, be's very thin, and he has grown a beard. said a Belgian photngrapher allowed into bis flat. Van den Boeynants told the photographer he had been beld in the dark for 30 days.

His son Christian said his father was roo tired to talk to reporters.

Chief investigator Andre Vandoren said Van den Boeynants took a taxi home after kidnappersfreed him at 10.25 p.m. near the Van den Boeynants had been railway station in the town of Tournai on the French border. He contacted police after his 80-kilometres drive back to Brus-

sels.

Van den Boeynants' family bad

offered to pay fur his release after a hitherto unknown group called



Paul van den Boeynants

gade (BSR) demanded a \$750,000 ransom.

Vandaren declined to say whether money had been paid. He said he would give more details at a news conference later Tuesday, adding: "The investiga-

tion is still continuing." Asked about suggestions that held in France, be said: "I'd like to know that myself."

One of Belgium's most colourful post-war politicians, Van den Bneynants was under investigation for alleged bribe-taking as defence minister in the 1970s when he disappeared from his

### Solidarity, Warsaw disagree on reforms

ned Solidarity Union and the rationing in one swoop which country's communist rulers disagreed over reform of the stagnant economy during talks Monday.

Both sides reported difficulties a week into broad talks on making a deal on Poland's economic and political problems, which is expected to clear the path to legalising Solidarity, suppressed under martial law in December 1981.

"Discussion was very difficult," deputy government spokesman Zbyslaw Rykowski told a news conference.

"If the matters on which consensus is sought do not corres-pund to what is really bappening in the economy, in enterprises and on the market, that consensus will remain on paper," he

Solidarity said it rejected the government's overall economic reform plan as a basis for agreement, while Industry Minister Mieczyslaw Wilczek dismissed calls for a 20 per cent cut in military expenditure as ridicu-

Both sides said they disagreed over workers' benefits, how to control soaring inflation and gov-

WARSAW (R) - Poland's ban- ernment plans to end meat Solidarity said would double

Solidarity accused the govern-ment of pushing ahead with re-forms which did not bave the agreement of the people or the participants at the talks.

"I feel that we encountered big differences but there is some basis for satisfactioo," Solidarity adviser Tadeusz Mazowiecki told news conference.

He said there was progress on working out an index tying wages to inflation and legalising rural

solidarity for farmers. The government invited Soli-darity leader Lech Walesa to the talks last August together with representatives of the Roman Catholic Cburch, the official unions and independent figures to work out a deal that would win

The government also wants Solidarity to help end labour un-

public support for reforms.

Five strikes broke out last week but the official PAP news agency said that only one strike by regional transport workers in the central town of Piotrkow Trybunalski continued Monday.

### the Socialist Revolutionary Bri- garage Jan. 14. **WORLD NEWS IN BRIEF**

### Tutu may join hunger strike

JOHANNESBURG (R) — Anglican Archbishop Desmond Tutu may join civil rights leader Allan Boesak and 300 South African prisoners in a hunger strike against detention without trial. A statement from Tutu's Cape Town office said the veteran anti-apartheid campaigner and Nobel Peace Prize winner would meet church colleagues Tuesday to decide whether to join the strike. "We have ... had enquiries (fram jnurnalists) as to whether the archbishop will join Dr. Allan Boesak in his act of solidarity with the bunger strikers. The archbishop, bis brother bisbops in the Diocese of Cape Town and other diocesan representatives will meet tomorrow to decide on action," the statement said. Announcing his decision to juin the strike Monday, Boesak, the president of the World Council of Reformed Churches, said io an open letter to Law and Order Minister Adriaan Vlok: "None of us wants to die. But if this is the road we must take to make you and your government understand the evil of your ways, we will

### China faces ecological disaster

PEKING (R) - China could be heading towards ecological disaster unless pollution is halted, a leading scientist warned Monday. "There could be a deadly threat to the survival of the Chinese natioo if immediate action is not taken to halt environmental pollution," Chinese academy of sciences president Zhou Guangzhao told a national scientific meeting. Zhou, quoted by the official New China News Agency, said forests were rapidly shrinking, 150 million people were drinking polluted water and acid rain was attacking the southwestern provinces, home to the endangered panda. "The ever-increasing population is facing a deteriorating living environment - a sure recipe for disaster."

### Jakarta flooded, 17,000 evacuated

JAKARTA (AP) — About 17,000 people have left their homes in the Indonesian capital of Jakarta during two days of flooding from the Ciliwang river, a city official said Tuesday. There have been reports of casualties, he said. The official, who spoke on condition of anonymity, said flooding river waters inundated Jakarta's eastern districts, mostly the slum areas of Kampung Melayu, Manggarai and Bukit Duri. Incessant rain over the river's upper reaches in Bogor, about 60 kilometres south of Jakarta, caused the downstream flooding.

### Lithuania law causes backlash

MOSCOW (R) - Tens of thousands of Russian and Polish speakers bave demonstrated in Soviet Lithuania against a decree making Lithuanian the language of business and government in the republic, local journalists said Monday. A reporter at the official Lithuanian news agency Elta told Reuters that up to 50,000 people took part in a protest in the capital Vilnius Sunday, organised by a mass movement of mainly non-Lithuanians called Yedinstvo (unity). Other Lithuanian sources said the movement's leadership claimed attendance was an high as 100,000.

### Journalists need protected status

BRUSSELS (R) — Journalists on perilous assignments should have protected status similar to Red Cross workers to safeguard them from kidnapping, a member of the European Parliament said Monday. "Journalists are more and more often used as tools for political violence and they're totally unprotected," said parliament member Karel de Gucht at a conference in Brussels on press and relief workers in danger zones.

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